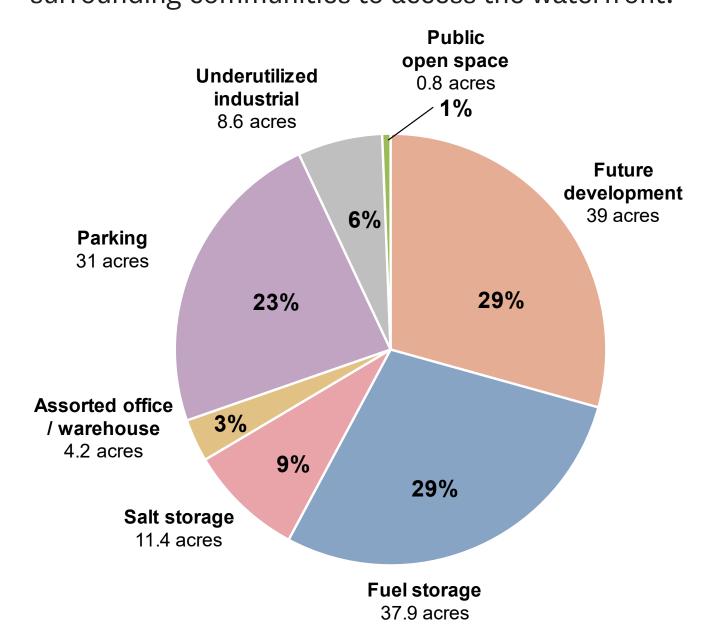
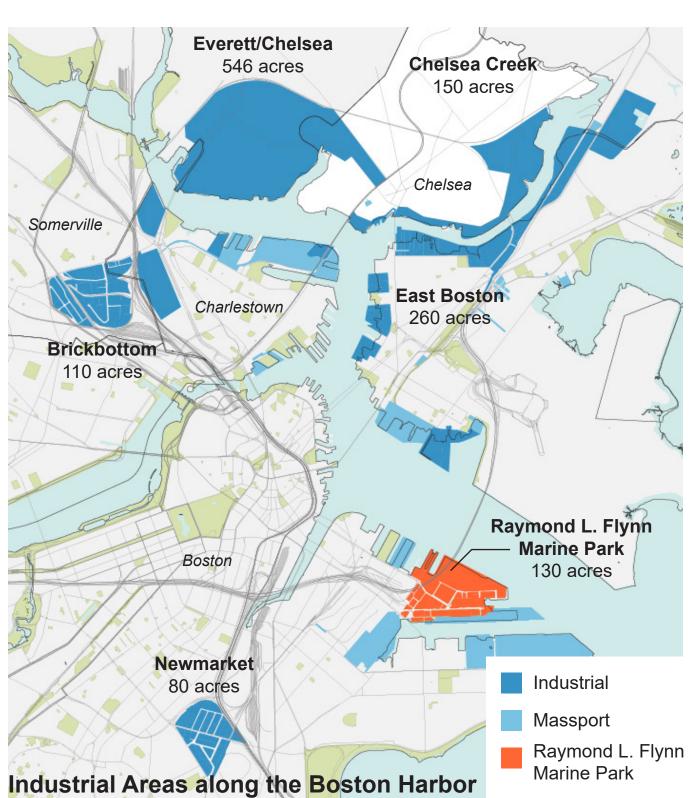
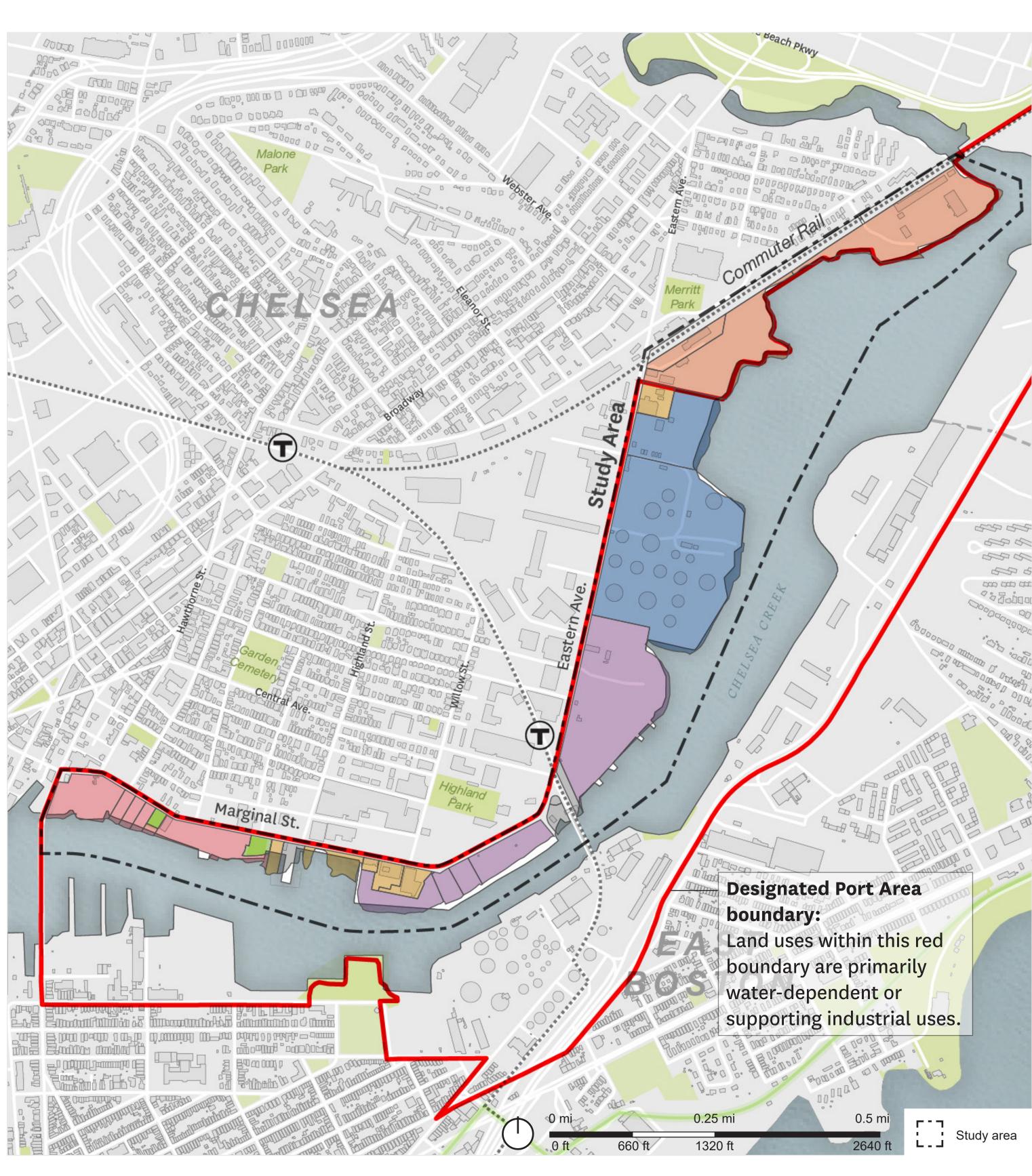
### Existing Uses along Chelsea Creek

A significant amount of Chelsea Creek consists of industrial uses. As a result, it is a challenge for the surrounding communities to access the waterfront.

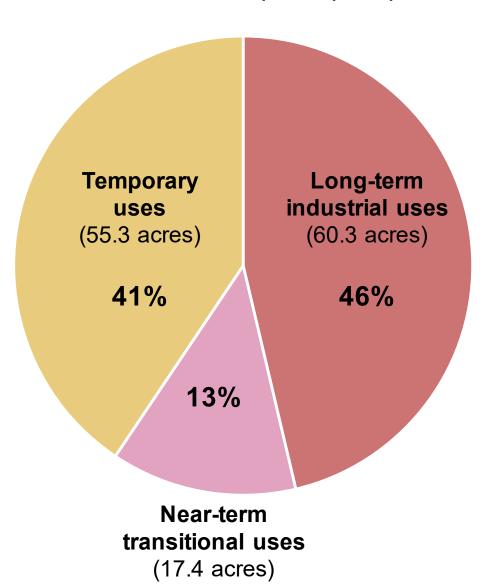






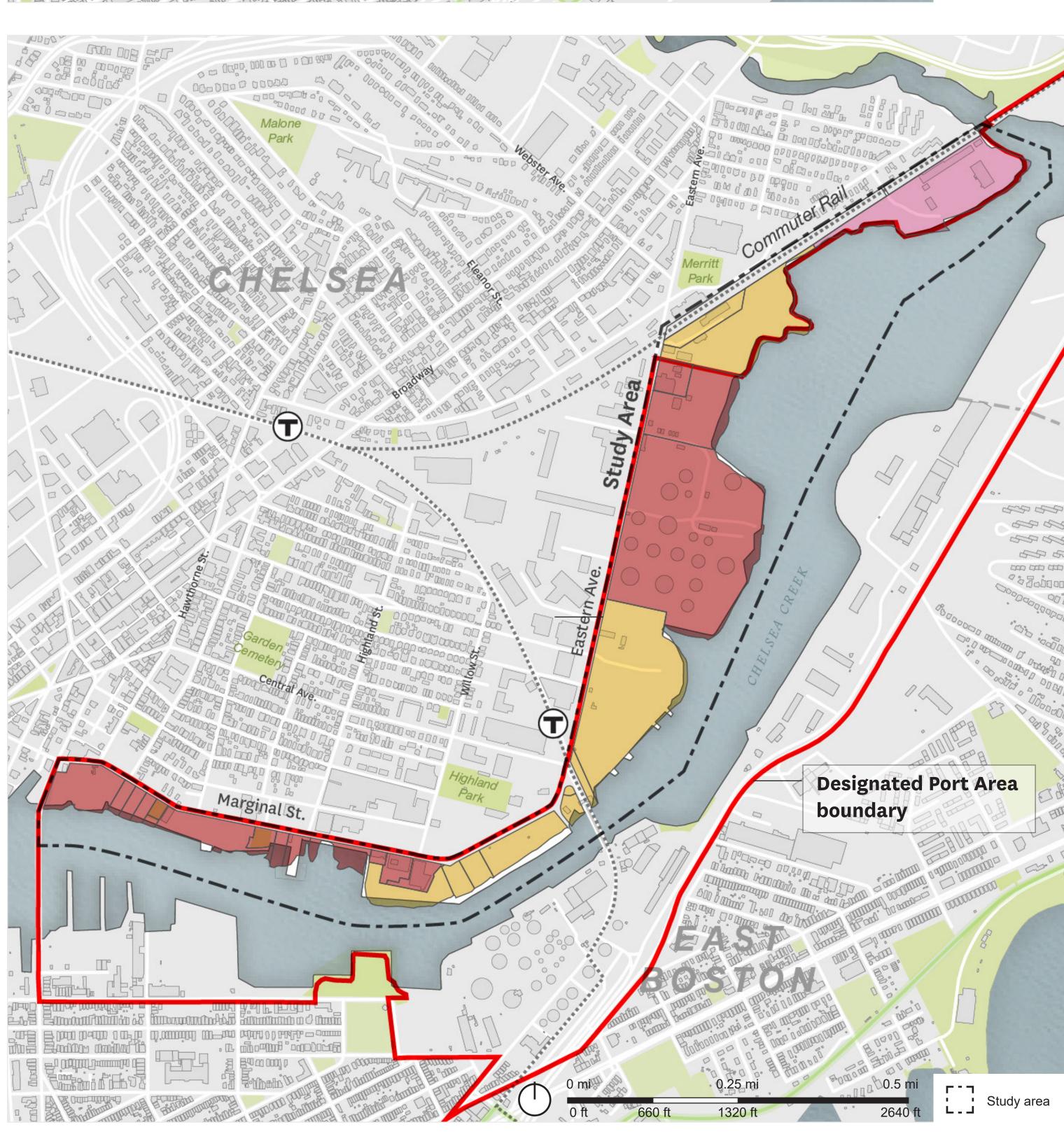
## Potential for Change of Land Use

Many of these uses rely on direct access to the waterfront and therefore are unlikely to change. However, some parcels may have different uses in the future, and therefore open up to public access.



Uses such as salt storage on the Eastern Minerals site are unlikely to change.





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### Existing Conditions along the Chelsea Creek



1. Forbes Site, Future Mixed-Use Development



2. Eastern Ave. Extension Site, underutilized land



3. Gulf Oil Tanks, Eastern Ave.



6. Entrance to the Harbor Walk immediately south of the Chelsea St. bridge

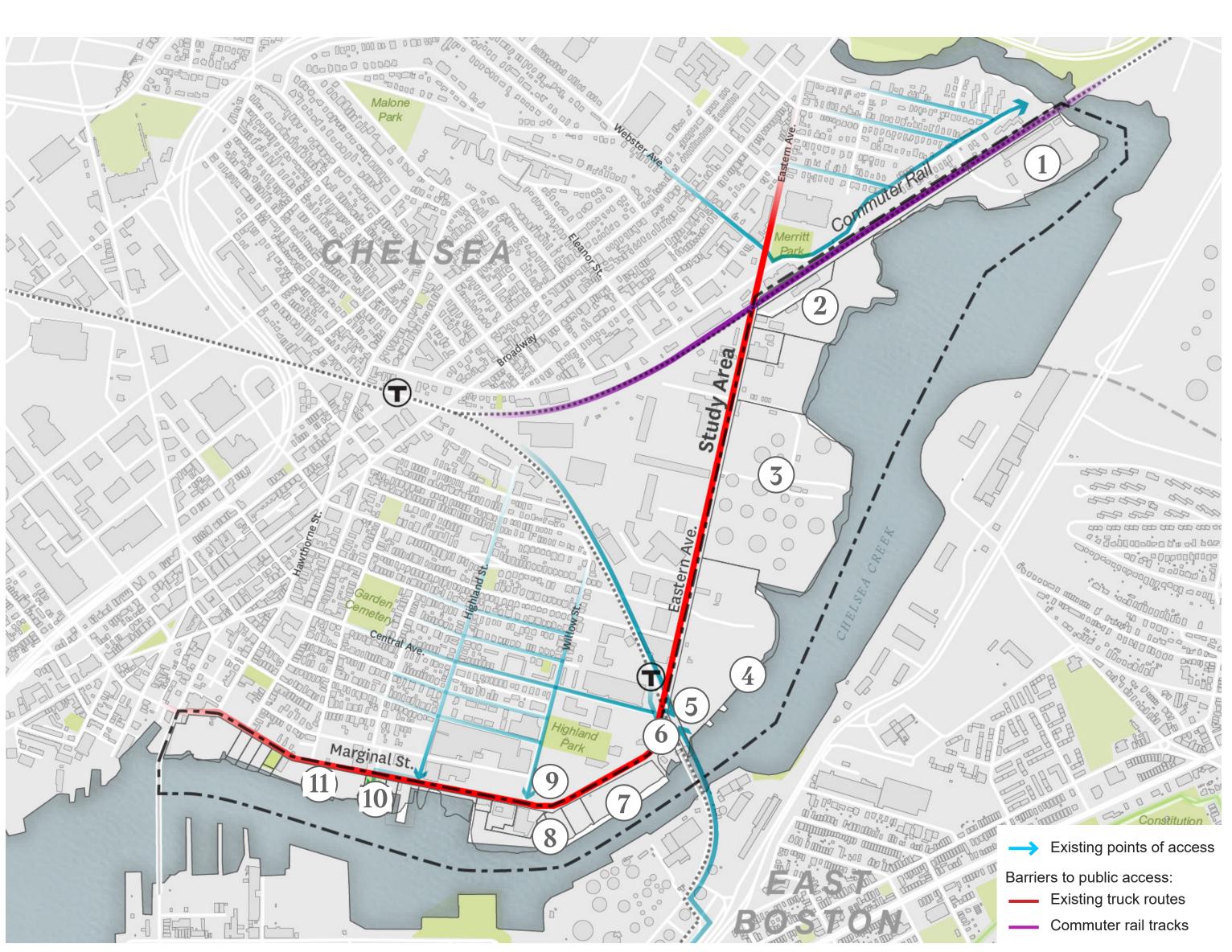


7. Harborwalk next to the rental car staging area on



9. Exposed piles on Chelsea Creek at Marginal St.







4. Bulkhead along airport parking on Eastern Ave.



5. Underutilized land at next to the Chelsea St. Bridge



8. Harborwalk seating along rental car staging parcel off of Marginal St.



11. Eastern Minerals salt storage on Marginal St.





### Industrial Land Uses



Commuter Rail tracks



Gulf Oil Tank, Eastern Ave.



Eastern Mineral salt storage on Marginal St.



Eastern Ave Extension site



Shipping along Chelsea Creek (looking at East Boston)

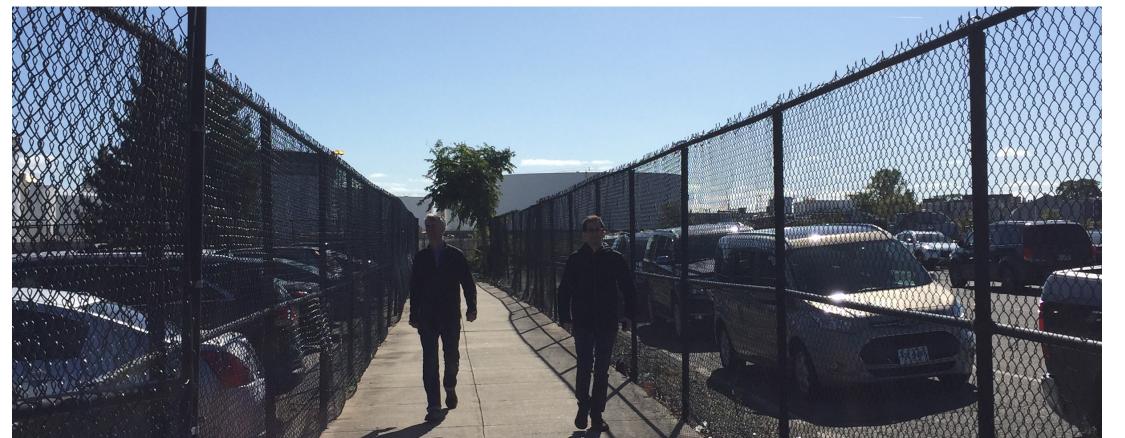
### Public Access



Harborwalk at car rental lot along Marginal St.



PORT Park overlooking pier at 201 Marginal St.



Entrance to Harborwalk between rental car staging lots.



PORT Park landscape

### **Underutilized Parcels**



North of the Chelsea St. bridge



Parcel south of Chelsea St Bridge (looking east)



Parcel south of Chelsea St Bridge (looking north)



Long-term parking lots along Eastern Ave



Pier at 201 Marginal St.



201 Marginal St.





### Waterfront Regulations

### What is a Municipal Harbor Plan?

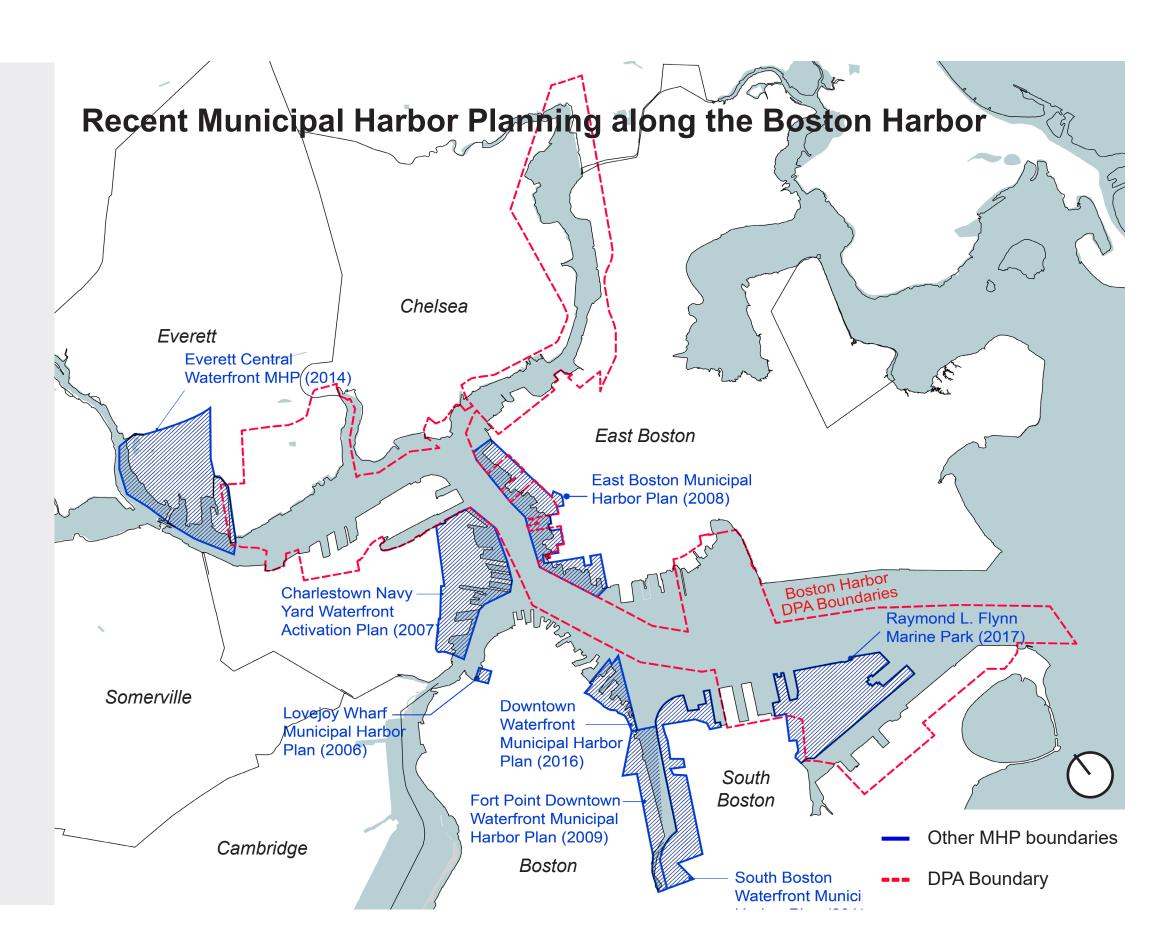
A document stating the community's goals, standards, and policies to guide public and private land use along harbors. If the MHP is approved by the Massachusetts Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs, it will help guide and coordinate, local, state and federal actions along the Chelsea Creek waterfront.

### What *can* an MHP do?

- Alter dimensional standards required by state regulations
- Request a change of land use
- Suggest new water-dependent uses
- Advocate for additional waterfront access for public enjoyment

### What *can't* an MHP do?

- Serve as a tool for managing flooding or other environmental threats
- Provide a traffic study for industrial areas
- Reprogram land under active waterdependent industrial uses
- Achieve all the recommendations of the visioning study



### What is Chapter 91?

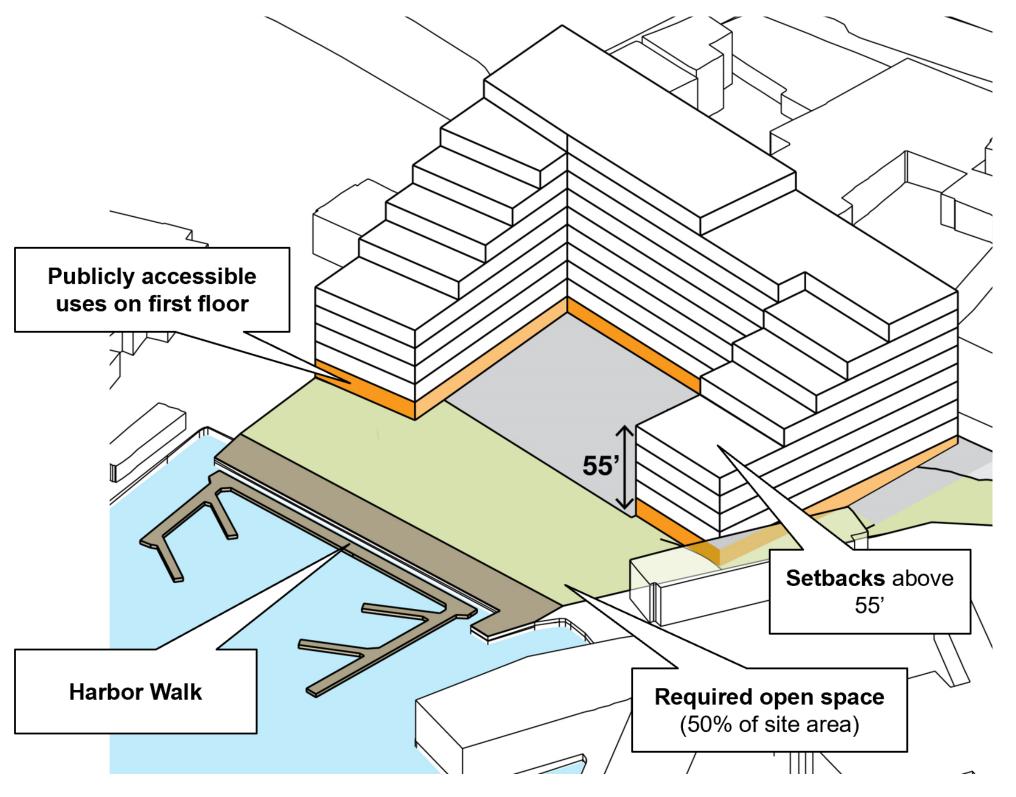
The Massachusetts Public Waterfront Act (Chapter 91) is the primary tool for protection and promotion of public use of its waterfront. It codifies a centuries old public doctrine that states that the air, the sea and the shore belong not to any one person, but rather to the public at large.

It attempts to achieve the following:

- Provide public access to waterways.
- Preserve and protect the rights of the public.
- Establish priority for water-dependent uses.
- Guarantee that private waterfront uses still serve a proper public purpose.
- Encourage the development of harbor plans to align local waterfront land use interests with statewide concerns.



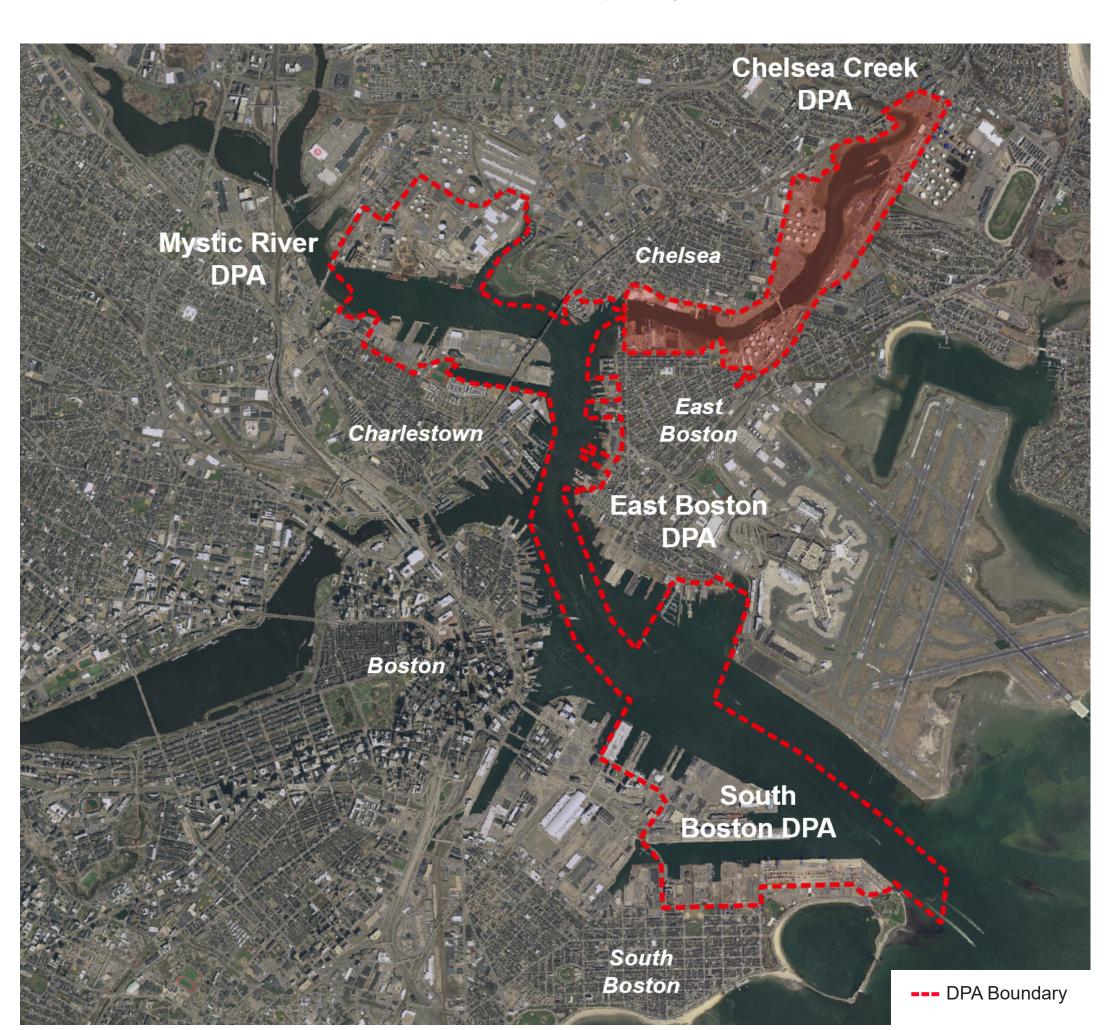
### For non-water dependent uses, Chapter 91 regulates:



### What is a Designated Port Area?

The Designated Port Area (DPA) is an area of the waterfront regulated by the Massachusetts Office of Coastal Zone Management to allow specific working port industrial uses. DPAs seek to preserve the waterfront for marine industrial uses that need waterfront access to operate and cannot be located elsewhere.

There are 10 DPAs established statewide in Gloucester Inner Harbor, Salem Harbor, Lynn, Mystic River, Chelsea Creek, East Boston, South Boston, Weymouth Fore River, New Bedford-Fairhaven, and Mount Hope Bay.



### Uses permitted in the Designated Port Area:



**Marine Research Facilities** 



**Ship Repair** 



**Cruise ships** 

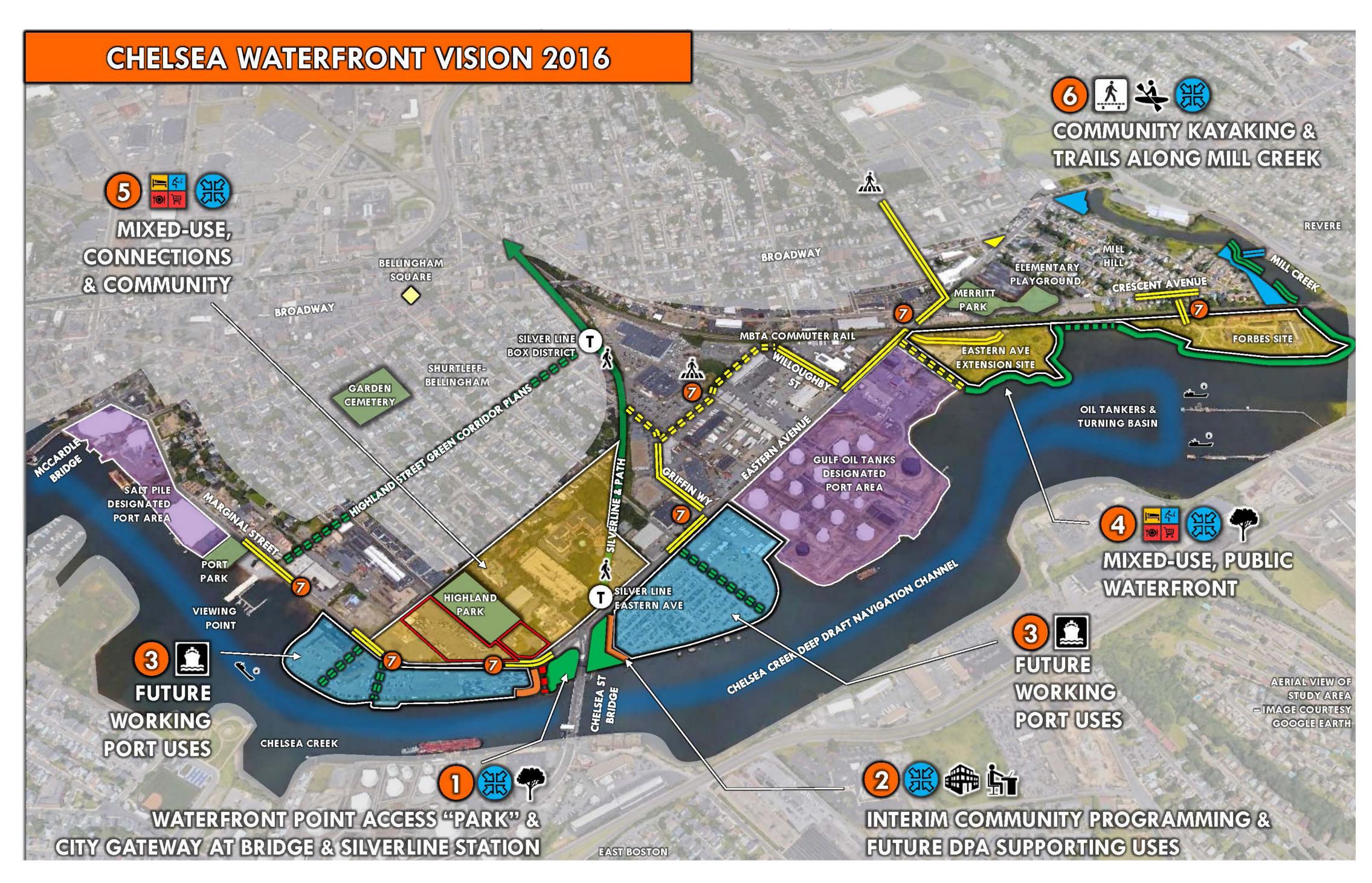


**Commercial Fishing** 









### Plan priorities:

- Make the working port more accessible and welcoming
- Consider temporary uses until permanent public space, and waterfront uses (industrial and non-industrial) are in place
- Identify the types of additional waterdependent industrial uses that can enhance the working port
- → Improve neighborhood access to the working port and waterfront near Mill Creek
- Clearly explain the technical waterfront planning regulations to the community
- Desired water-dependent uses include marine research centers, commercial passenger vessels and charter fishing docks

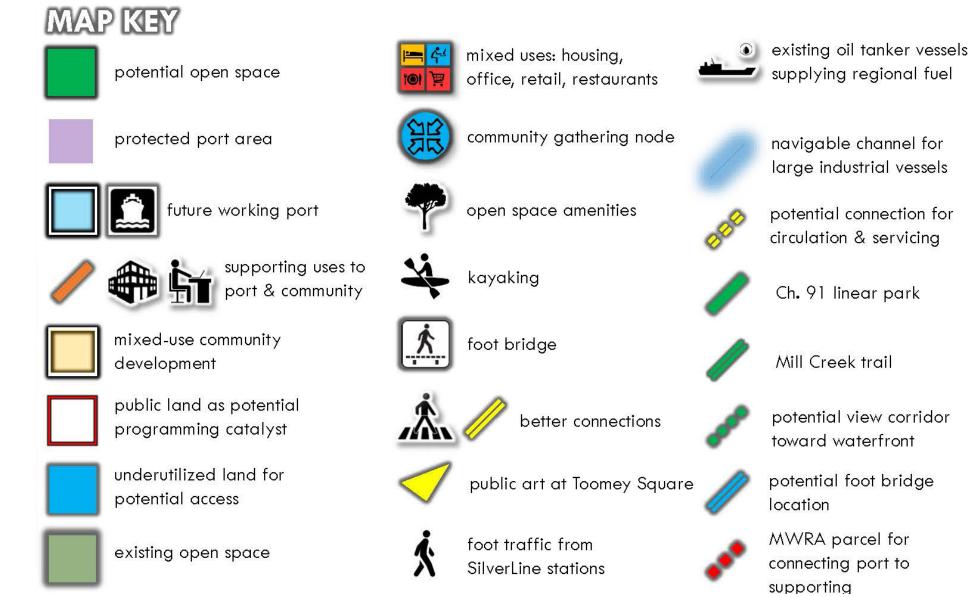
### Desired future development:

→ 4-5 story mixed-use with upper story housing on Forbes and Eastern Ave. sites.

### Public realm improvements:

- Different types and scales of open spaces
- Public waterfront walkway Forbes, Eastern

  Ave. sites and Mill Creek.
- An improved harborwalk
- Community programming activities and events on the waterfront
- District-wide streetscape improvements
- Recreational boating along Mill Creek
- Public art/distinct branding, signage for the Gulf Oil area



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# What can be addressed through the Municipal Harbor Planning process?

The Municipal Harbor Plan can address elements of the Chelsea Waterfront Vision Plan that relate to:

- → Recommended land uses
- → Building massing and height
- → Open space requirements
- → Improved standards for public access



Yes —	Somewhat —	No
Is it clear why a Municipal Hawill be beneficial for Chelsea Place a sticker in the appropriate box.		
Yes	¬	No
— Other questions or comments		
— Other questions?  Write your questions or comments on a sticky note and place it below.		