Needham Natural Hazards and Climate Planning



Natural Hazards and Climate Planning Public Presentation Town of Needham

Welcome

Hazard Mitigation Plan and Climate Plan Overview

Climate Change Observations and Projections

Natural Hazards and Climate Impacts for Needham

Needham Climate Priorities

Feedback: Share your questions, observations, and priorities

Project Team

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Building

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Green Needham Collaborative

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Public Health

Hazard Mitigation Plan

Federal program
FEMA
Addresses all natural hazards

- Flooding
- Extreme heat and cold
- Drought
- Landslide
- Wildfires
- Hurricanes
- Tornadoes
- Winter Storms
- Wind
- Invasives
- Earthquakes

Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness

State program, Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs

Addresses all climate hazards

- Environment
- Infrastructure
- Society

Hazard Mitigation Plans

 The Federal Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 requires towns to adopt a Hazard Mitigation Plan to be eligible for FEMA mitigation grants.

- Needham's first plan has expired and now must be updated
- This Plan will meet FEMA's requirements and make the Town eligible for FEMA mitigation project grants



Hurricane Irene

Source: Needham Patch

Breaking the Cycle of Disaster & Rebuilding





Rebuild



Plan Development Steps

7. Plan Approval and Adoption

6. Recommend Mitigation Strategies

5. Public Meetings
Stakeholders

MAPC & Local Team

1. Hazard Identification & Mapping

2. Inventory & Map Critical Facilities

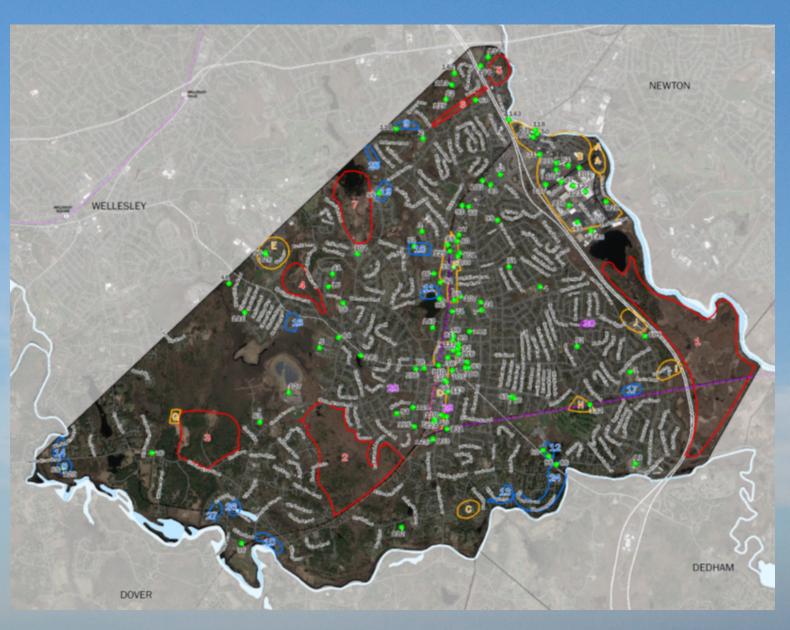
3. Assessment of Risks & Vulnerabilities

4. Review Existing
Mitigation

Hazard Identification & Mapping

- Critical Infrastructure
- Flood Zones
- Historic Flooding
- Fire Risk
- Future Development





Existing Mitigation Measures

MULTI-HAZARDS

- Comprehensive Emergency Mgt. Plan (CEMP)
- Local Emergency Planning Comm. (LEPC)
- Multi-department review of developments
- Massachusetts State Building Code
- CERT
- Heat shelter
- •Reverse 911

FLOOD HAZARDS

- National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)
- •Street sweeping and catch basin maintenance
- Aquifer Protection Overlay
- Stormwater and Wetlands regulations
- Land preservation
- Open Space Residential Development

WIND HAZARDS

- •DPW tree maintenance program
- Underground utilities in new developments

WINTER STORM HAZARDS

- Overnight parking ban
- •Sand/restricted salt application
- Snow storage space
- Snow and Ice Removal bylaw
- Public outreach and education

BRUSH FIRE HAZARDS

- Permits for outdoor burning
- Fire Department development review
- Public education
- Trained for open space protection

DAM HAZARDS

- DCR Dam Safety regulations
- Permits required for construction

GEOLOGIC HAZARDS

- Water system isolation capacity
- Shelters and evacuation plan

Remaining steps for Hazard Mitigation Plan

- Develop new mitigation strategies for this Plan Update
- Final Public Meeting to review the Draft Plan
- Review by MEMA and FEMA, revisions if needed
- Select Board vote to adopt the plan
- Approved plan will be in effect for 5 years
- The Town will be eligible for FEMA mitigation grants

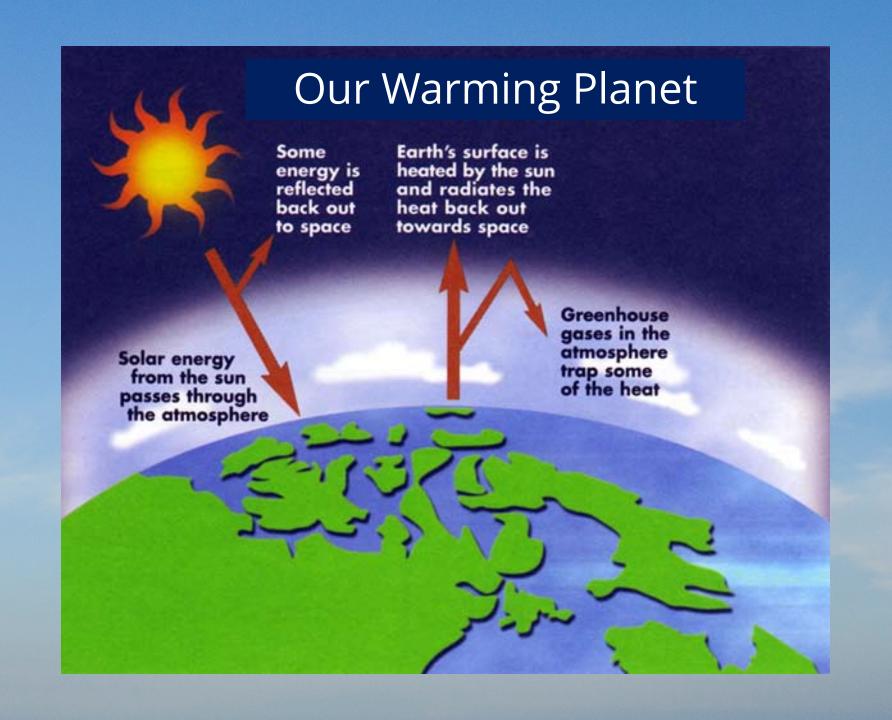
Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness Program



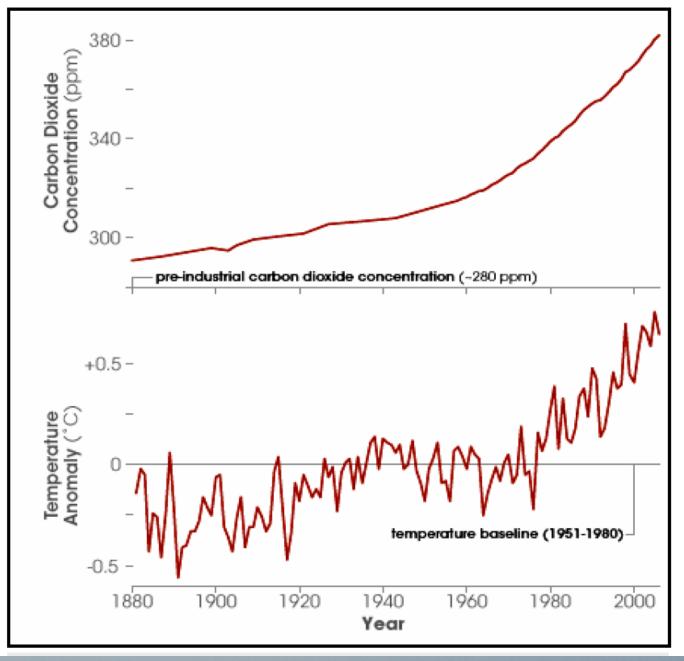
Workshop Objectives

- Understand extreme weather and climate related hazards
- Identify existing and future strengths and vulnerabilities
- Develop and prioritize opportunities to take action to reduce risk and build resilience





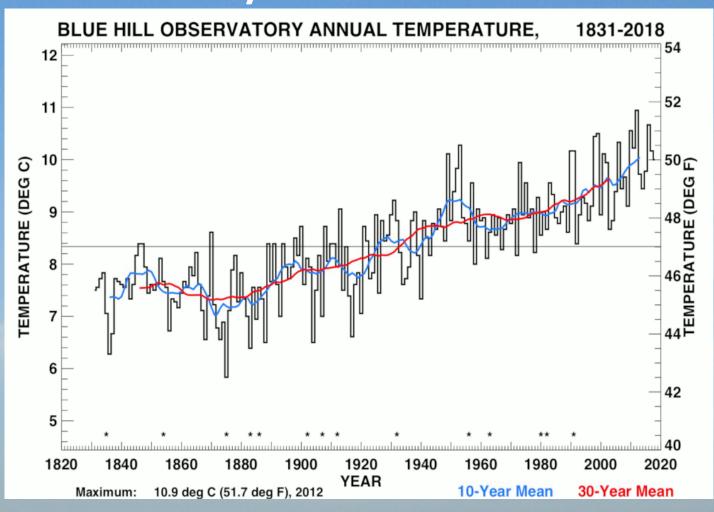
Global Temperature and CO₂ Trends



Source: MA Climate Change Adaptation Report 2011

Temperature change: observed

Nearly 3°F since 1831

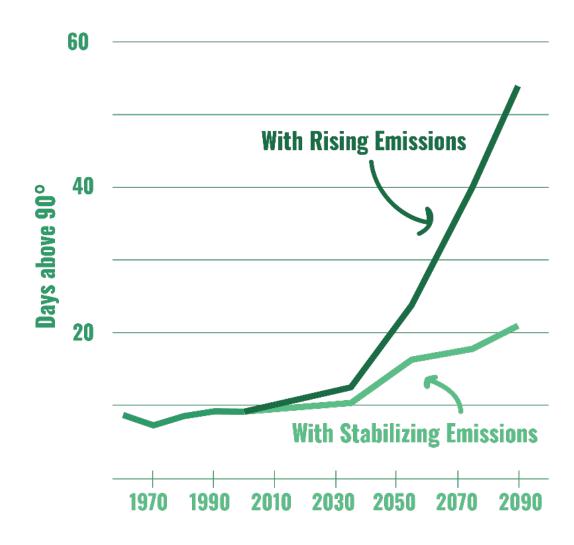


Blue Hill Observatory Annual Temperature, 1831-2018

Temperature change: projected

More Days Above 90°

Data shown for the Boston Harbor Watershed

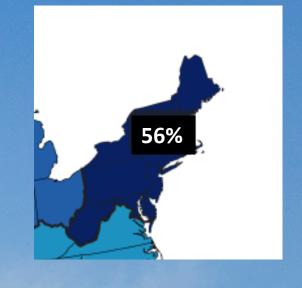


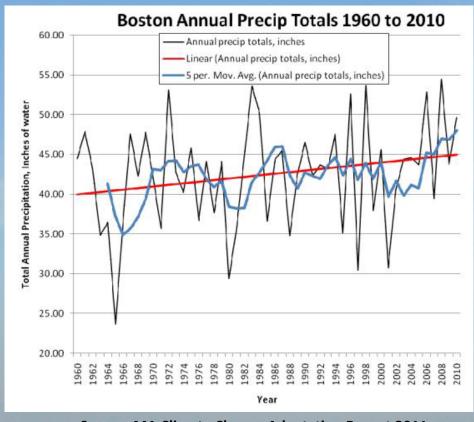
Source: Northeast Climate Adaptation Science Center

Precipitation change: observed

For the Northeast United States: 56% increase in the amount of rain that falls in the top 1% events from 1958 – 2016.

Source: US National Climate Assessment 2018





For Boston area: 10% increase over the past 50 years

Source: MA Climate Change Adaptation Report 2011

Precipitation change: projected Rain and Drought

Expected size of a 10-year, 24-hour storm

4.5 inches

1961 Observed
Rainfall
(NOAA) for
Eastern MA

5. 2 inches

2014 Observed Rainfall (NOAA) for Needham 5.6 inches

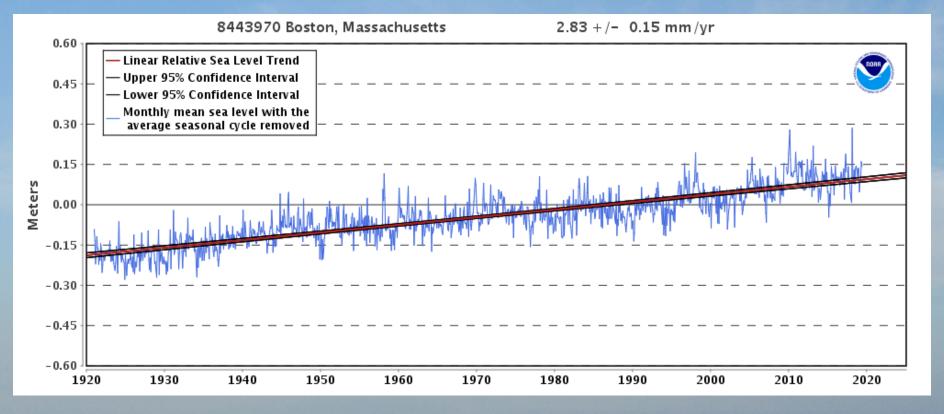
Cambridge Rainfall Projections, 2015 - 2044 6.4 inches

Cambridge Rainfall Projections, 2055 - 2084

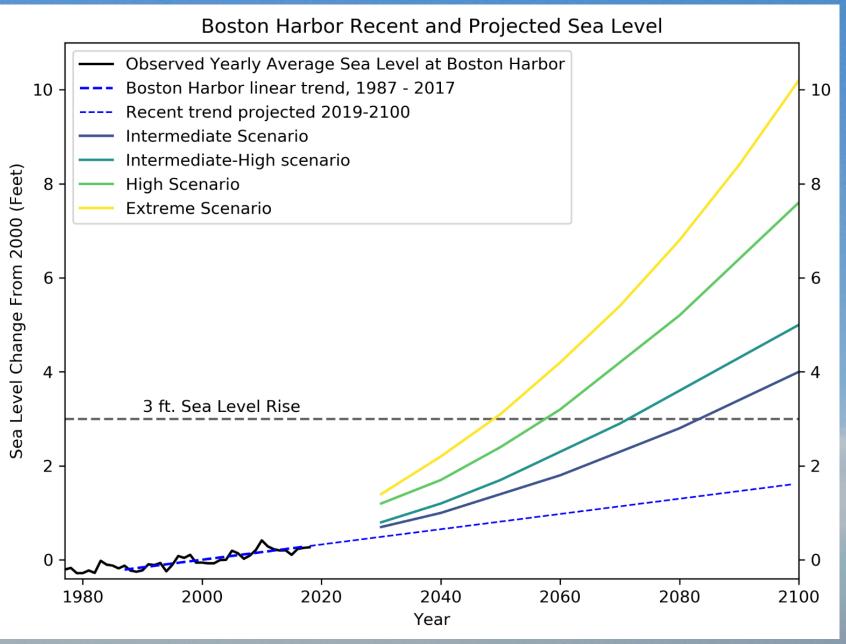
Sea level rise: observed

- Boston tide station
- Record from 1921-2018
- Equivalent to 11 inches in 100 years





Sea level rise: Projected to 2100 for Boston Harbor



Source: Northeast Climate Adaptation Science Center and MAPC

Critical Facilities

Critical Facilities

Other Features

Rivers and Streams

Water Bodies

March 2010 Claims

Flood Insurance

Disaster Assistance

Hazards





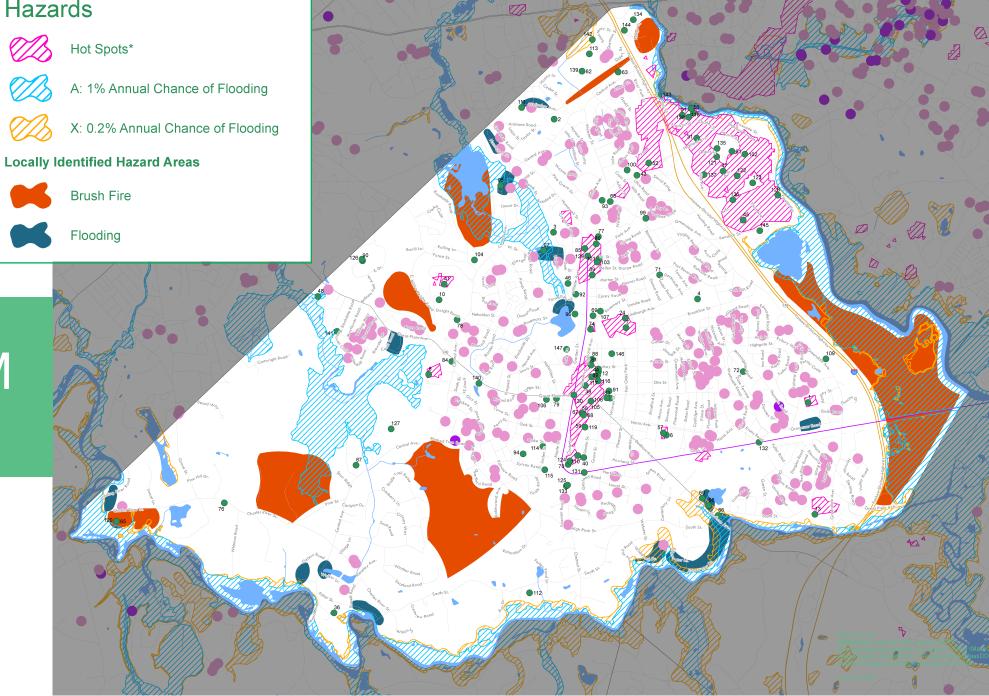






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Critical Infrastructure

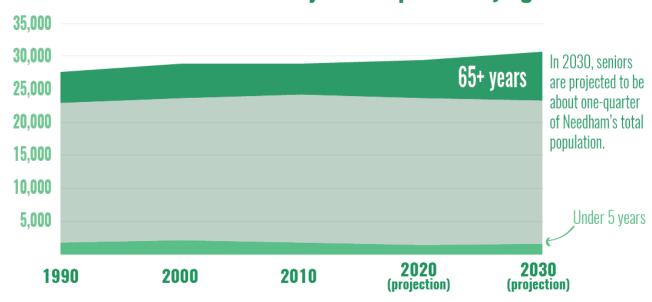


Who is most at risk from climate change impacts? e who may be more susceptible to negative health effects

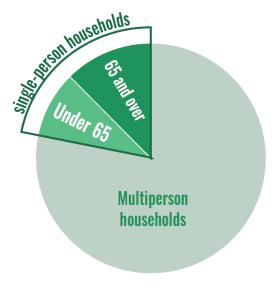
- People who may have more difficulty adapting to, preparing for, or recovering from extreme weather events
- People who live or work in vulnerable locations

Older Adults and Young Children

Needham Recent and Projected Population by Age



People Living Alone



As of 2010, about 22% of Needham households consisted of someone living alone.

57% of people living alone were over 65.

Low-Income Households

19.80/±2.7%

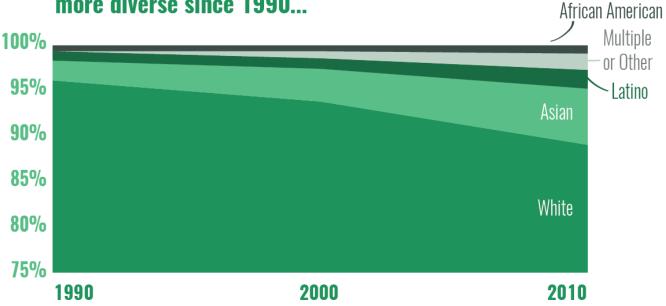
In Needham are low-income

5.80/0 ±1.5% of households in Needham are below the poverty level

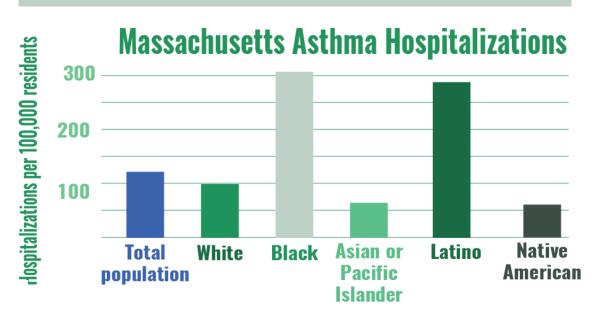
 $39.80/0^{\pm 6.4\%}$ of seniors in Needham are low-income

*A four-person household earning less than \$78,150 is considered low-income; a four-person household earning less than \$24,563 is below poverty level

Needham is almost 90% white, but has become slightly more diverse since 1990...



Communities of Color





Wildfire, Ice Storms

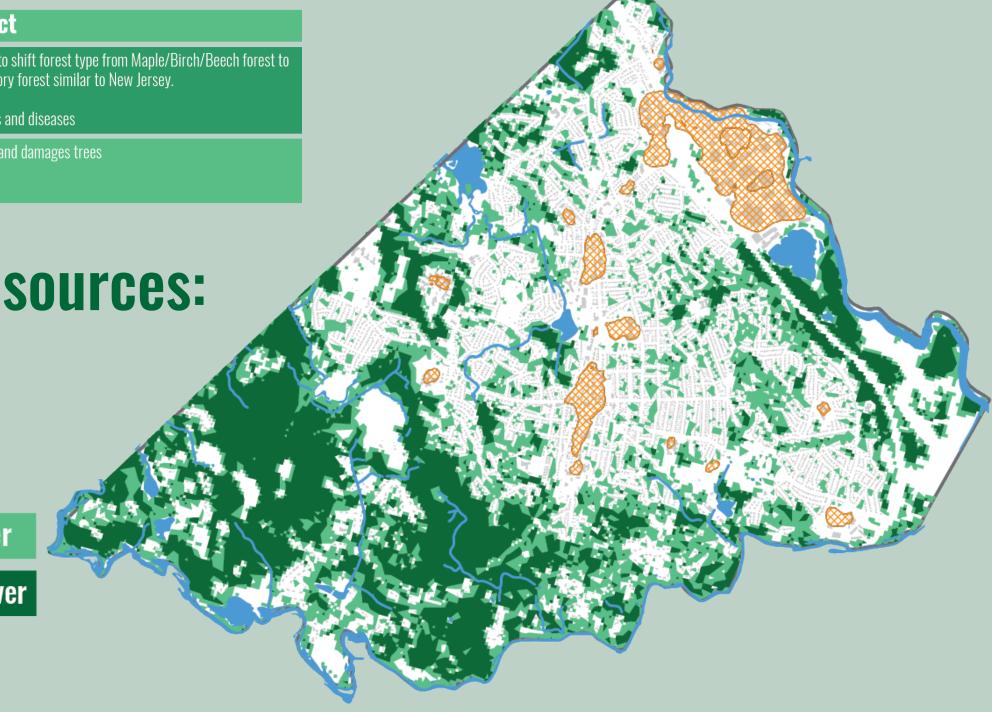
Natural Resources: Trees



50% - 75% Tree Cover

75% – 100% Tree Cover

Developed Land



Natural Resources: Valuable Habitat



Vernal Pools

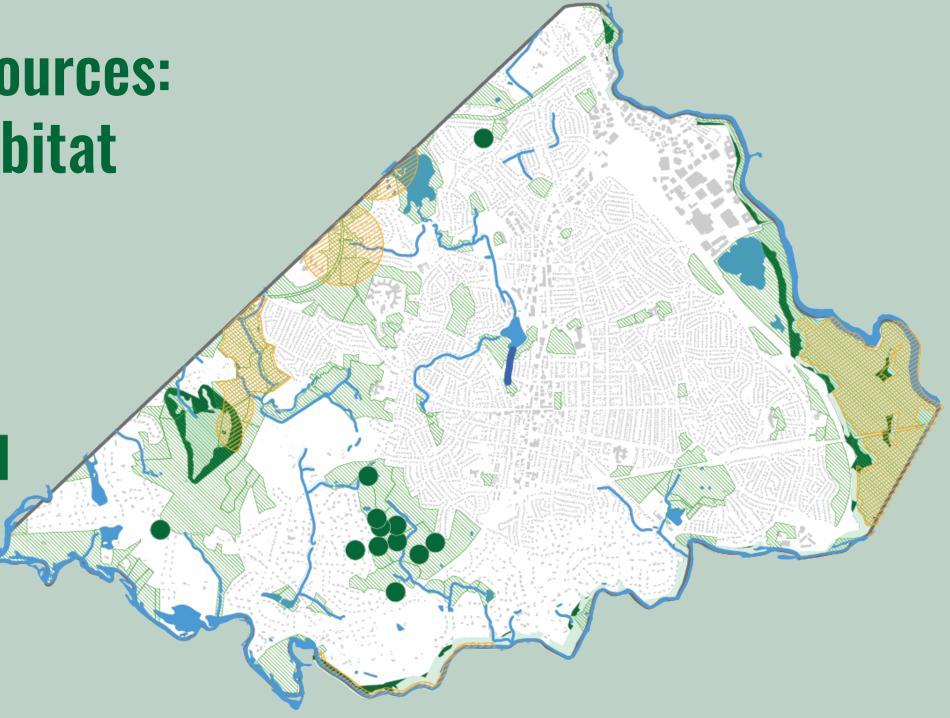
Core Habitat

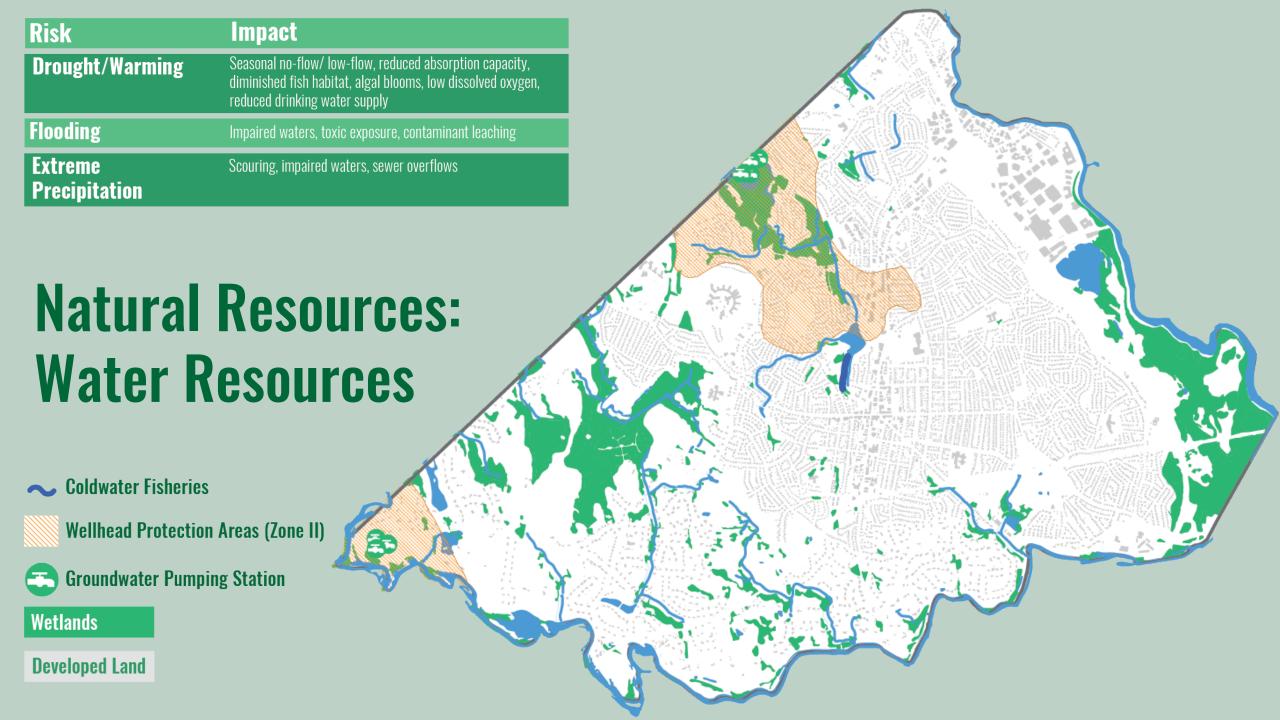
Critical Natural Landscape

Rare Species Habitat

Open Space

Developed Land







/ Yellow- Socia

Highest Priorities

- Communication: Target seniors, low income residents, limited English speakers, people with disabilities, with cell phones, those who work in Needham but live elsewhere. Create a neighbor-to-neighbor program.
- **Health Impacts:** Provide outreach and education about extreme heat impacts and, mosquito and tick-borne illnesses. Develop heat exposure guidelines.
- **Stormwater:** Provide needed funding and a long-term plan. Ensure new developments have increased capacity, incorporate nature-based solutions and, analyze and plan for retrofits of undersized systems.
- Water infrastructure: Assess vulnerabilities of the system. Protect the wells and water treatment plant. Protect the St. Mary's Pump Station, town interconnections, and sewer pump stations.
- Tree and Forest Management: Develop a forest management plan to address invasive species, pests, and vulnerability to fire. Develop a tree bylaw. Identify locations to plant trees.
- Ensure robust infrastructure: Consider cyber security, redundancy, and generator backup.
- Central Avenue Bridge: Upgrade the bridge; coordinate the work with the Town of Dover.
- Wetlands: Incorporate climate resiliency in the local bylaw. Educate the public on the value of wetlands.
- Seniors in public housing: Upgrade the building and infrastructure. Create additional green space. Develop a communications and coordination plan for emergencies.
- Residents with medical needs: Develop a list of medically fragile people for wellness visits during emergencies. Communicate the list with the hospital to ensure capacity in the event of emergency.
- Disaster response: Create a plan that includes evacuation strategies.
- Focus on hazardous materials: Map hazardous materials sites; share the information with the hospital.

Thank you

Where to find more information How to give your feedback