The Diversity Deficit: Municipal Employees in Metro Boston

We will begin shortly



Please note that this event will be recorded. (if you do not want to be recorded, please turn off video and mute)

Folks will also be muted upon entry

If you have any questions during the event, please ask them in zoom's chatbox, there will also be time for a Q&A at the end.

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This meeting will be recorded and the Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC) may choose to retain and distribute the video, still images, audio, and/or the chat transcript. By continuing with this virtual meeting, you are consenting to participate in a recorded event. The recordings and chat transcript will be considered a public record. If you do not feel comfortable being recorded, please turn off your camera and/or mute your microphone, or leave the meeting.





Today's Agenda

01. Opening Remarks

Marc Draisen, MAPC Executive Director Emily Torres-Cullinane, Assistant Director of Strategic Initiatives

02. The Diversity Deficit: Research Report

Dr. Seleeke Flingai, Lead Researcher and Report Author https://metrocommon.mapc.org/reports/14

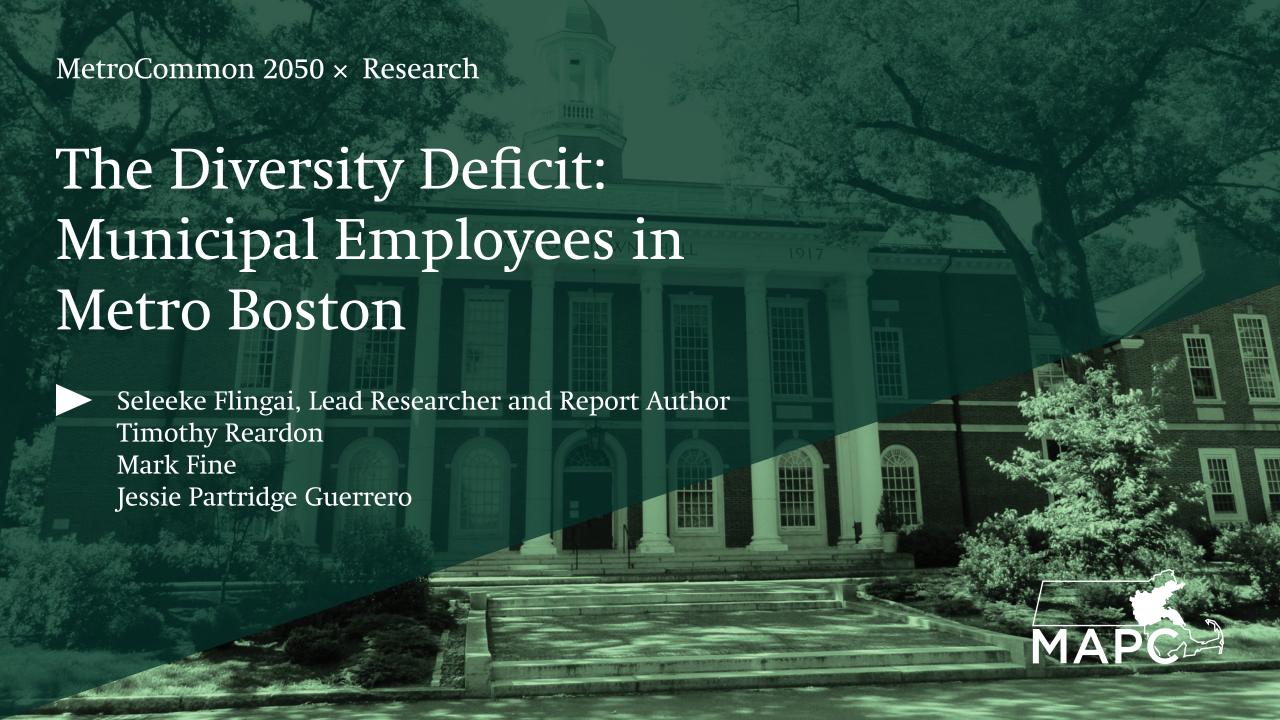
03. Panel Q&A

Moderator – Dr. Yvonne Spicer, City of Framingham, Mayor

- Gordon Goodwin, Director, Government Alliance on Race and Equity (GARE)
- Brandy H. M. Brooks, Director of Strategy & Development, One Square World
- Dr. Seleeke Flingai, Lead Researcher & Author
- Adam Chapdelaine, Town Manager, Arlington

04. Closing remarks

Emily Torres-Cullinane, Assistant Director of Strategic Initiatives





Guiding Motivations

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Municipal government should be inclusive and responsive to all residents. This isn't always the case.

City and town governments implement policies, develop practices and ways of being with their communities, and provide stable economic opportunities. Who works in these jobs? How reflective are they of the communities they serve? Of the region?



Angela Davis



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"Diversity is a corporate strategy...It's a difference that doesn't make a difference."



Angela Davis

"Diversity is a corporate strategy...It's a difference that doesn't make a difference."

"I am not suggesting that diversity cannot do good work, but it has to be combined with justice...Diversity without structural transformation simply brings those who were previously excluded into a system as racist, as misogynist, as it was before."

Guiding Motivations



How do we make our municipal workforces explicitly anti-racist and anti-sexist?

Guiding Motivations

- How do we make our municipal workforces explicitly anti-racist and anti-sexist?
- How do we begin to structurally transform these institutions their organizational structure, practices, internal and external policies, systems of professional growth and accountability, etc. in order to truly make them more just and equitable?

Why does it matter?

The character, practices, and policies of municipal governments are intertwined with the people they employ.



Range of perspectives, experience, and skills

Diversity can lead to greater innovation, sharing of institutional knowledge, and transformative change

Stronger policy and program outcomes

Diversity can foster greater community trust and support if accompanied with equitable policies

Better representation and opportunity

Representative government should reflect the changing demographics of its constituents

Approach

This research used...

- Self-reported demographic and occupational information provided to the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS) between 2012-2016.
- Law enforcement personnel demographic information from the U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics
- Publicly available municipal workforce demographic data from individual cities and towns, where available

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We assessed the demographics of...

- Full-time workers living in Metro Boston, a region encompassing 164 cities and towns
 - Age, Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Occupation

Caveats

Where workers work vs. where they live

- Cannot provide worker information for specific municipal governments: Information is reported based on the worker's home location, not their place of work,
- Cannot be certain of the demographics of municipal workers who commute into or out of the region

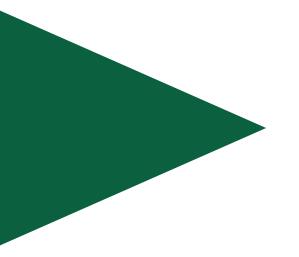
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Incomplete view of many marginalized communities

- Female/male gender binary in census demographic data
- Class, disability, nationality and immigration status...



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people living in the Metro Boston region work full-time for a city or town government

~7% of the region's civilian labor force

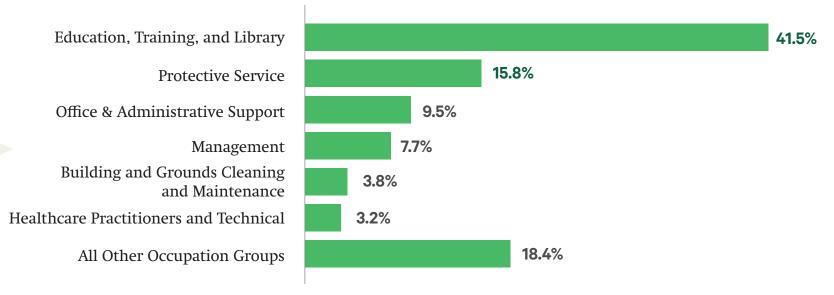


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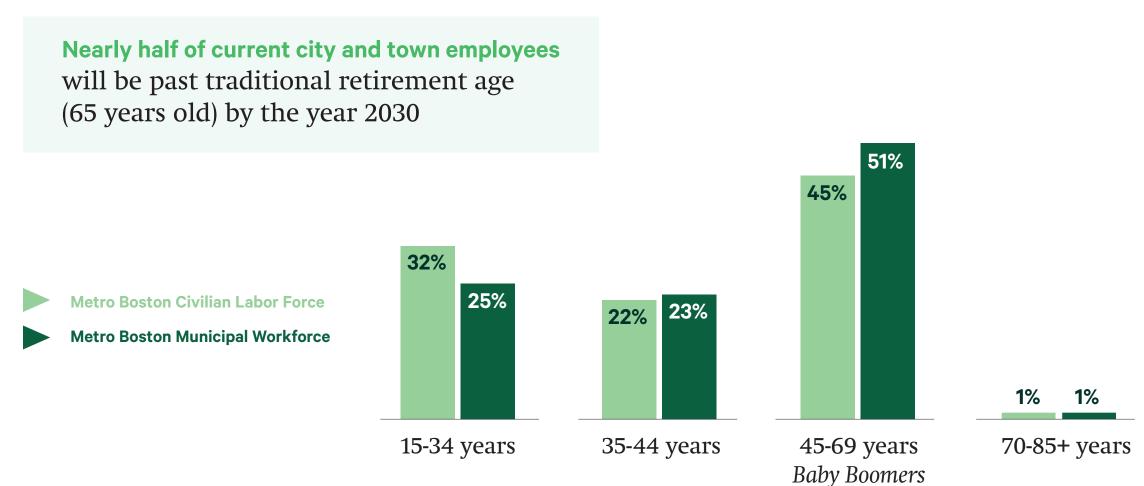
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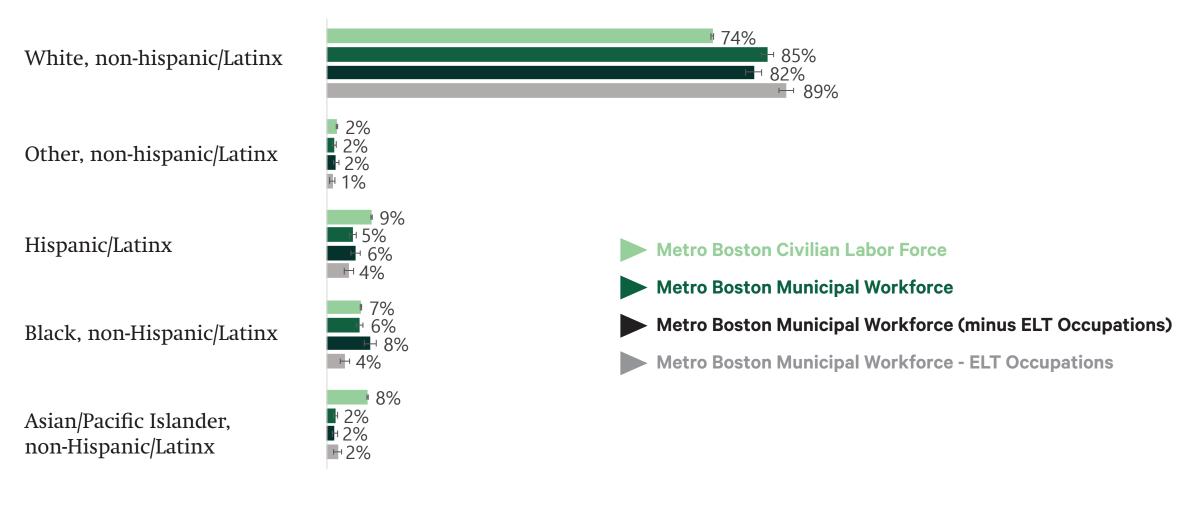
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- Specialized occupations face particular age challenges

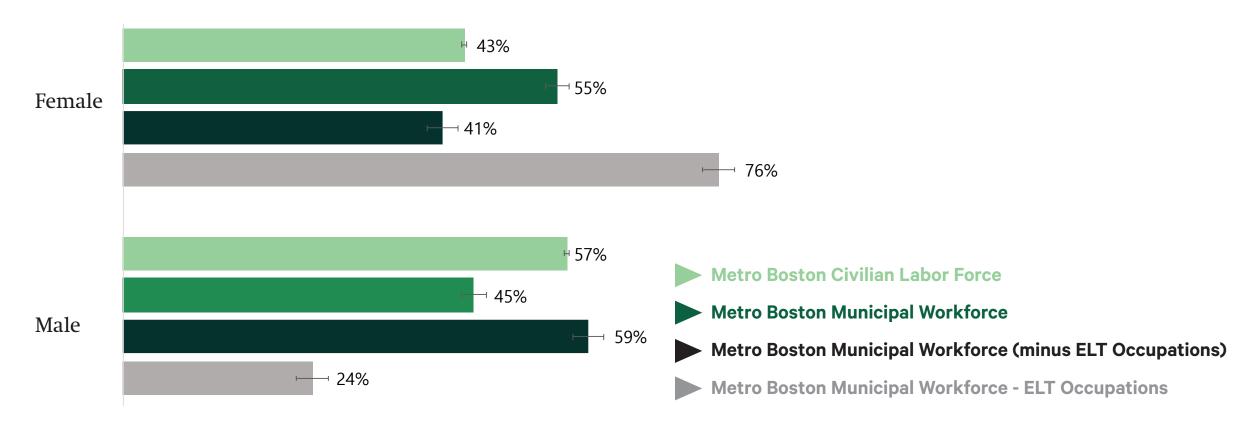
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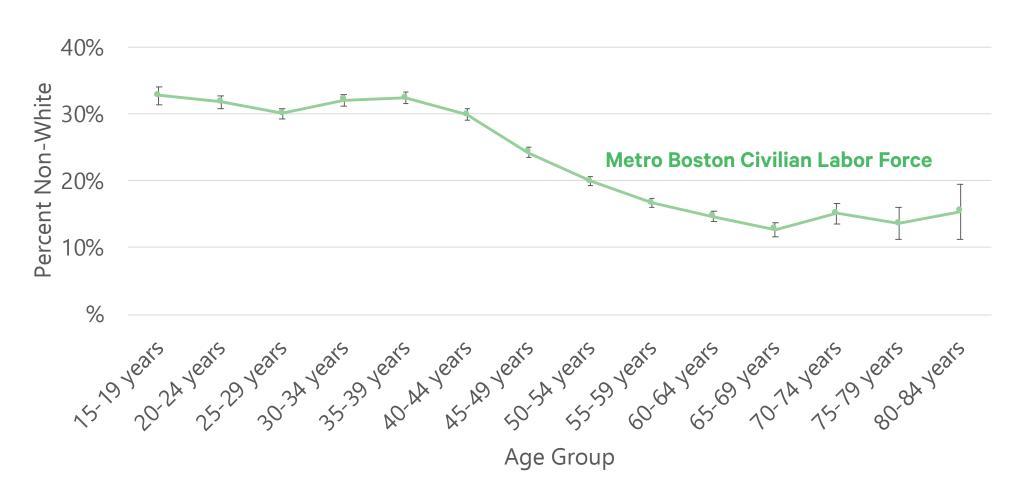
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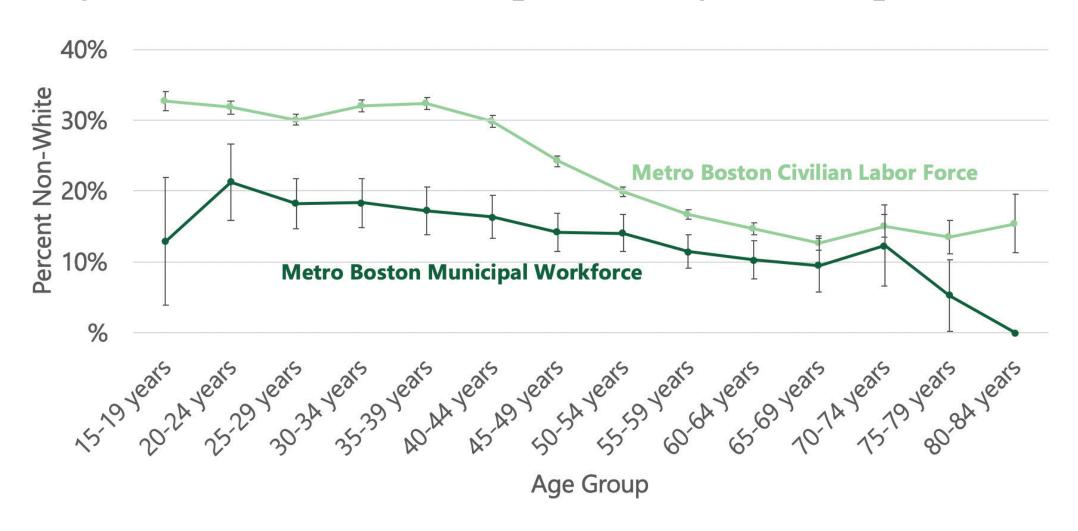
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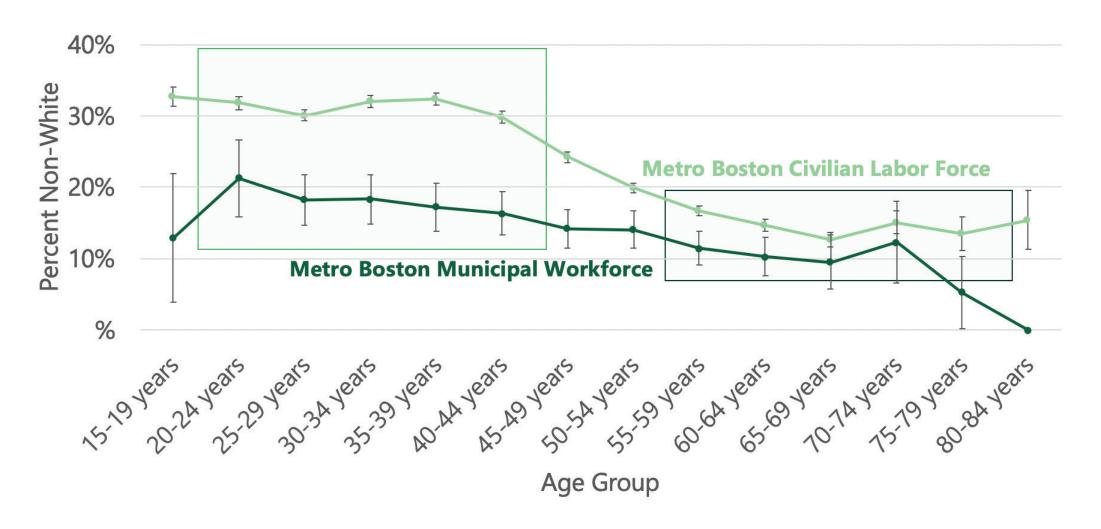
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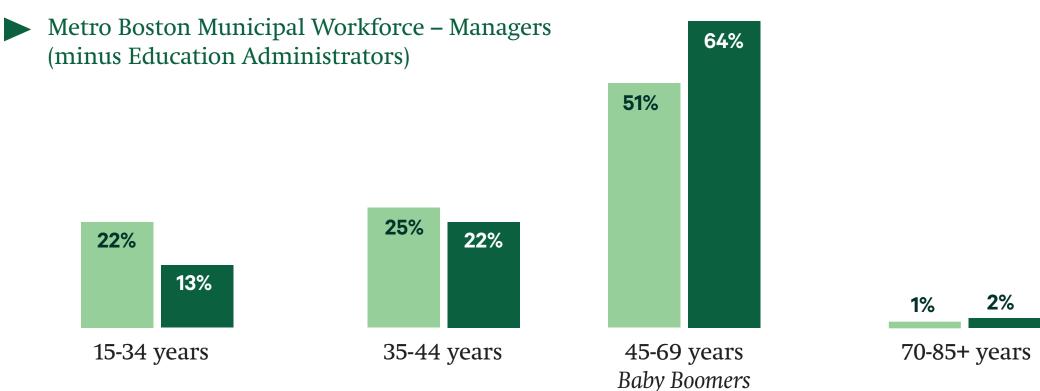


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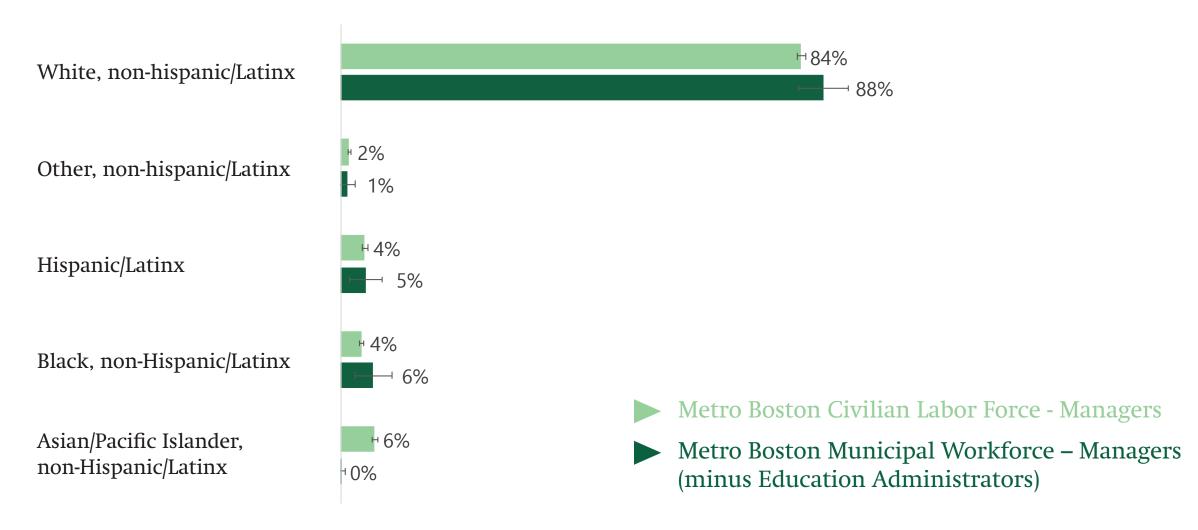


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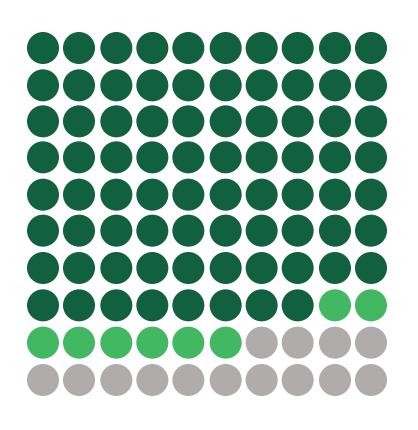
Metro Boston Civilian Labor Force - Managers



Disparities are even larger among municipal management



Law enforcement and firefighters are especially unrepresentative of the region



86%

of police officers in Metro Boston are white

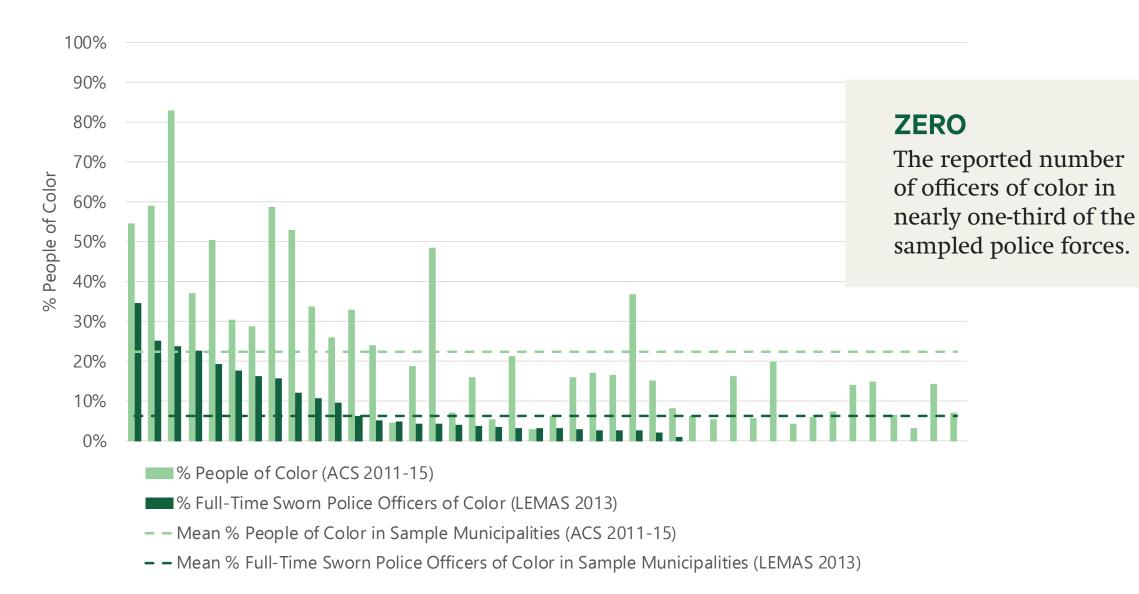
Police Officers

78% white male **8%** white female

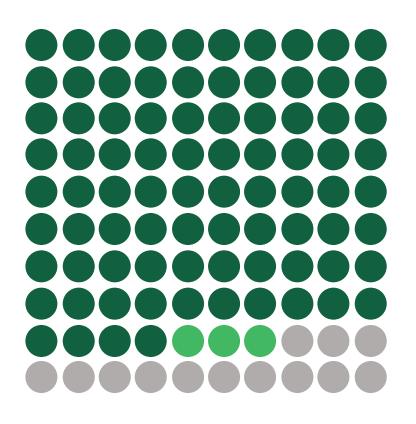
General Population

35% white male

37% white female



Law enforcement and firefighters are especially unrepresentative of the region



87%

of firefighters in Metro Boston are white

84% white male3% white female

Considerations for recruitment policy and best practices

There are a variety of policies and practices that shape recruitment and the makeup of the workforce across municipal governments.

- Some municipalities restrict hiring based on residency for some or all positions
- Some roles, often managerial, are eligible for **tenure protections** that can protect incumbents or make them difficult to replace
- Municipalities often have unions that cover a range of professions and staff levels
- Collective bargaining agreements can also set out certain recruitment parameters and include targets for the number of staff that can be employed and the processes through which staff are promoted or discharged



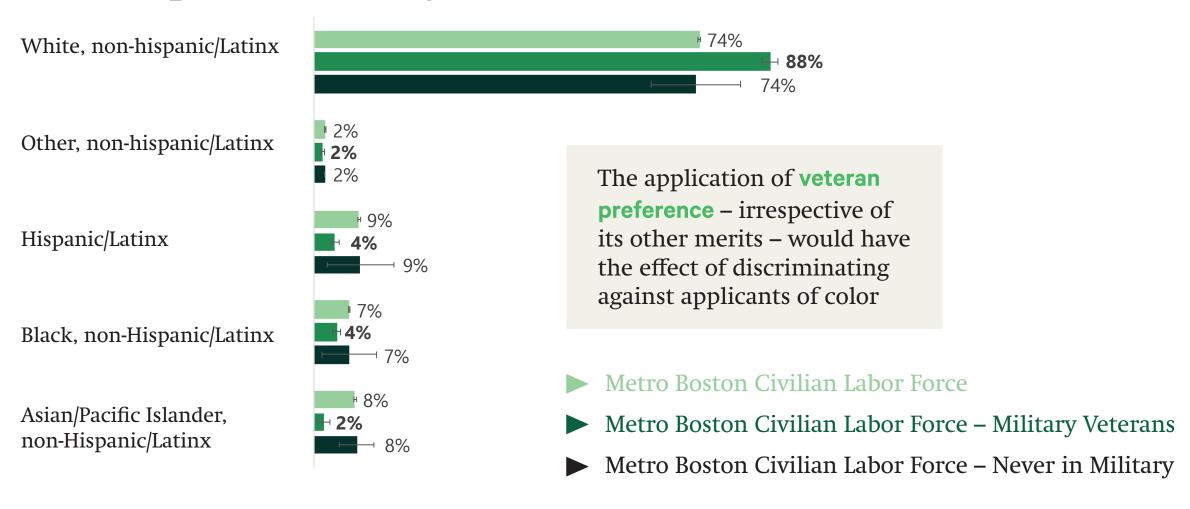
- The Civil Service is a state system established to promote merit-based hiring and reduce favoritism and nepotism
- Only used consistently for recruitment and hiring for police departments, correctional officers, and fire departments
- Those who pass a civil service exam are ranked on several criteria depending on the municipality. State law establishes veteran status as the highest preference category, alongside residency in certain municipalities.
- Those who pass the examination must be selected in order of highest-ranking criteria.



Several communities have pulled their public safety departments out of the civil service system to gain more flexibility in hiring.

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Veteran preference may hinder diversification efforts





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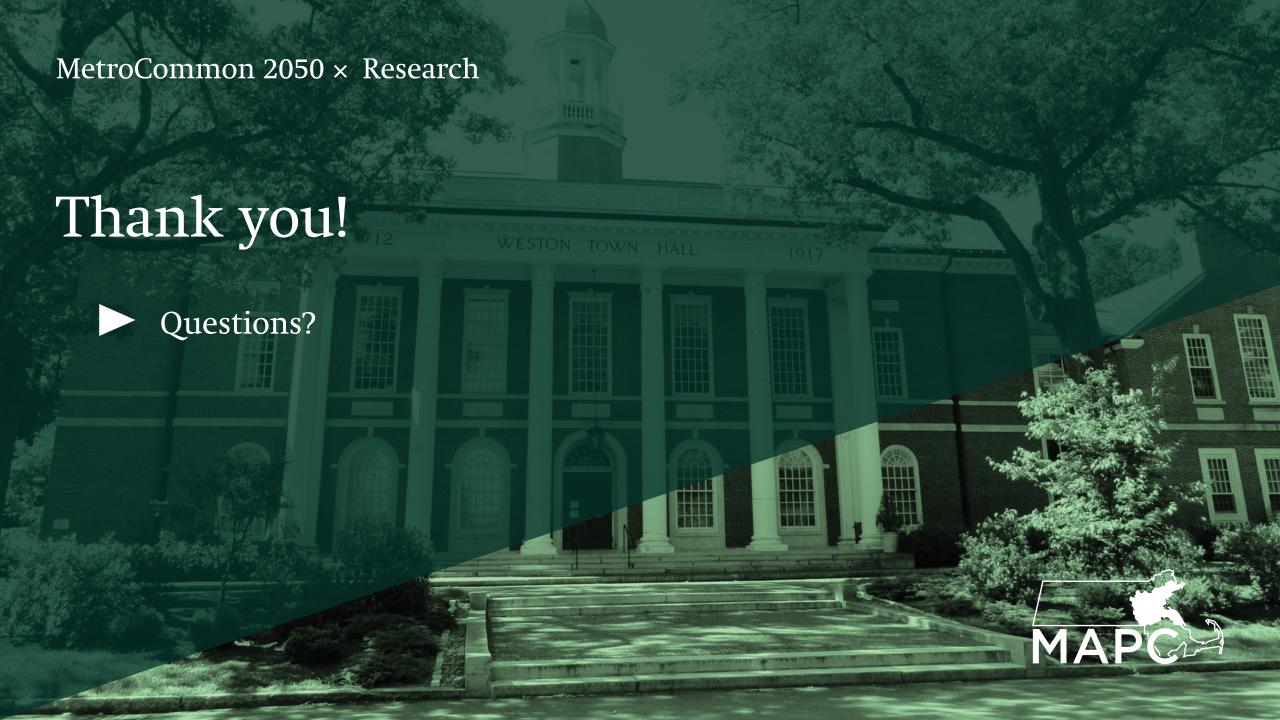
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Recommendations and interventions

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MAPC can support these efforts

by supporting the municipal procurement of Human Resources software and services that provide greater transparency of the hiring, management, and promotion process.



Panel Q&A

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