Microgrids in Your Community: Opportunities and the Role of Municipalities

Assessing Microgrid Feasibility: Getting to Yes (or No)

Boston, June 29, 2016

Laxmi Rao, International District Energy Association



ABOUT IDEA

Non-profit industry association formed in 1909

- 2000 + members 26 nations
- Major urban utilities, public and private universities & colleges, healthcare, pharma, airports, industry
- Education, Outreach & Industry support





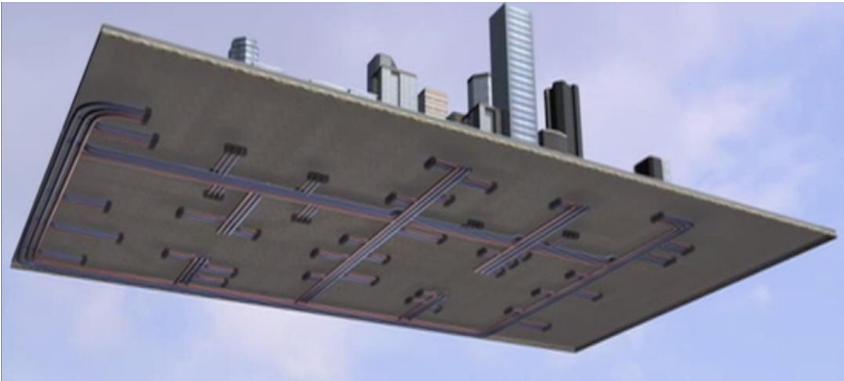


District Energy – Community Scale Heating and Cooling

- Underground pipe network enable "<u>combining</u>" heating and cooling requirements of multiple buildings
- Creates a "<u>market</u>" for valuable thermal energy
- Aggregated thermal loads creates <u>scale</u> to apply fuels, technologies not feasible on single-building basis
- Fuel flexibility improves energy security, local economy



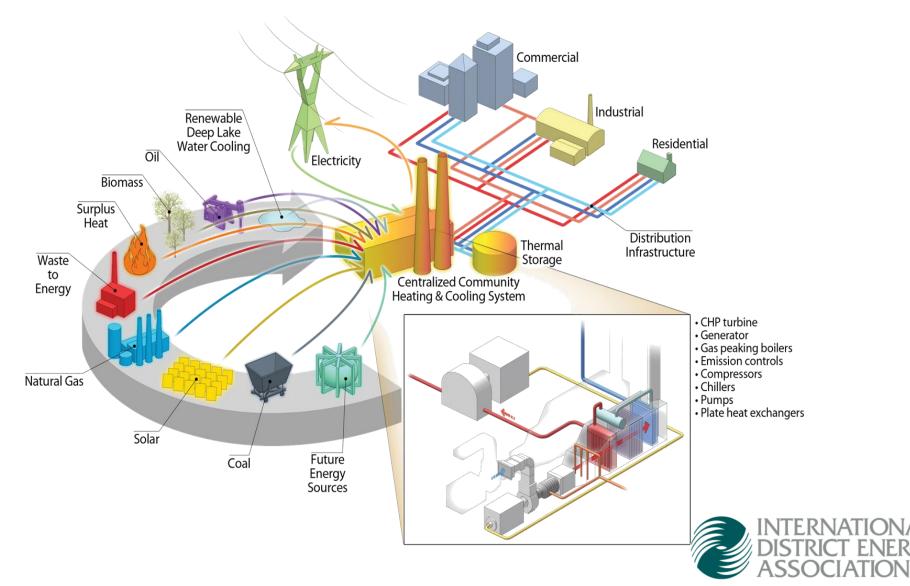
Infrastructure for Local Clean Energy Economy



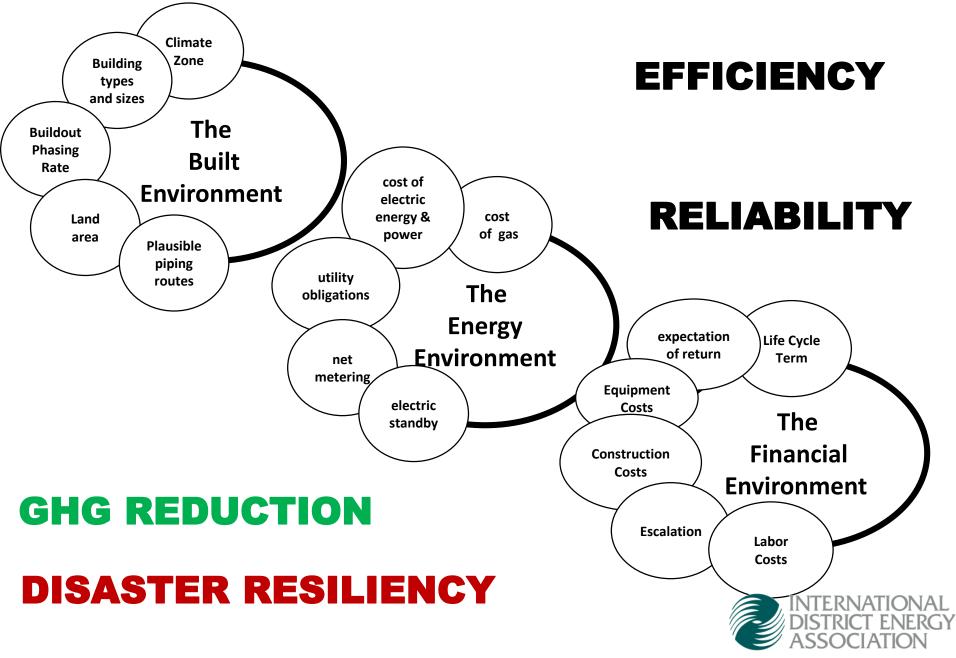
- Connects thermal energy sources with users
- Enables CHP and Resiliency
- Urban infrastructure hidden community asset
- Energy dollars re-circulate in local economy,
- Improves livability



Districts, Municipalities, Towns, Cities Future-Proofing an Energy Efficient Infrastructure



Planning Community Energy



Questions

- Urban Planners
- Developers
- Architect/Engineers
- Facility Managers
- DE enterprises
- Financiers

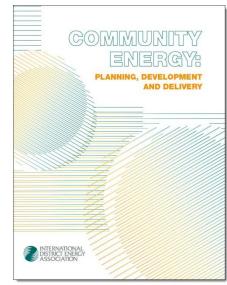


- What Type?
- How Big?
- How Soon?
- How Much?
- Environmental Impact
- Economic Return
- Resiliency



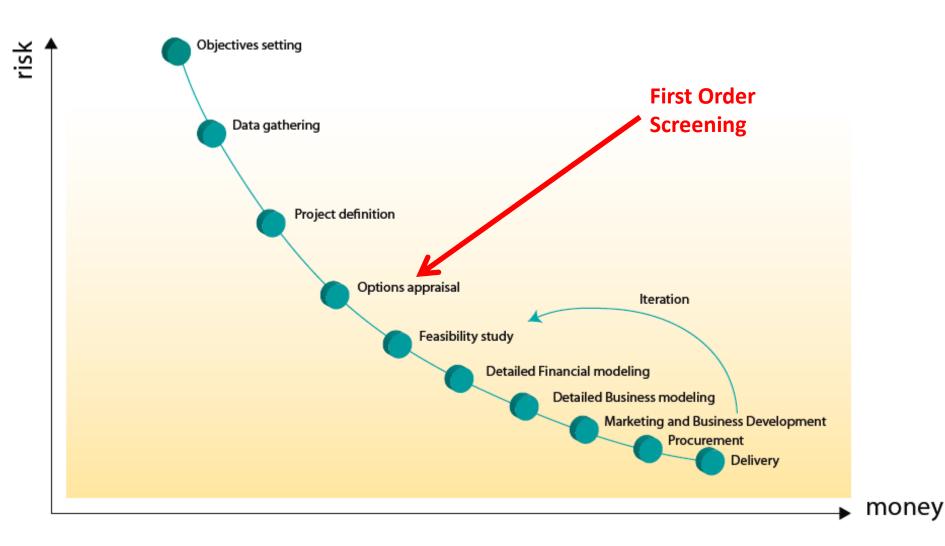
Planning Guide for Community Energy

- **Project champions:** Mayors, community energy, economic development and sustainability staff, elected officials, planners
- Consider energy in comprehensive planning, brownfield/revitalization projects, Climate Action Plans
- Variety of project developers: opportunities for collaboration and public/private partnerships
 - Local governments
 - Communities
 - Other public sector developers
 - Institutions
 - Corporations and industrial parks
 - Private property developers
 - Landowners and building operators





Project Flight Path & Risk Reduction





COMMUNITY ENERGY: PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND DELIVERY Stages of Development

- **1: Objectives Setting**
- **2: Data gathering**
- **3: Project definition**
- **4: Options appraisal**
- **5: Feasibility study**
- **6: Financial modeling**
- **7: Business modeling**
- 8: Marketing and business development;
- **9: Project procurement**
- **10: Delivery**



Objectives Setting

Economic

- Strengthen local economy, retain energy dollars, stable high-quality jobs
- Develop infrastructure to exploit locally sustainable energy supplies
- Keep energy rates down

Energy security

- Reduce reliance on imported energy and lessen impact of volatile market
- Enable fuel flexibility
- Enhance reliability and resilience

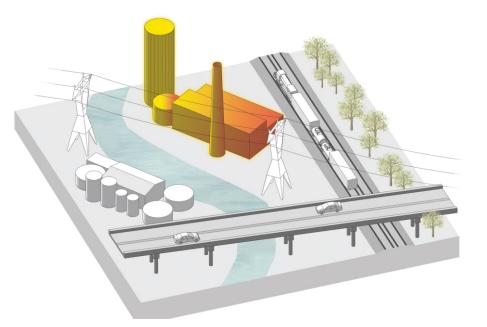
Emission reductions

- Energy Efficiency
- Lower carbon solutions



Data Gathering

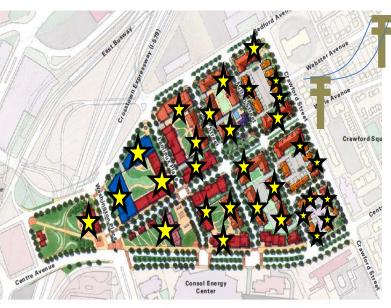
- Development building mix
- Build-out and phasing
- Anchor loads
- Heating/cooling loads
- Physical barriers



- Other existing infrastructure: gas and heat networks and electricity sub-stations; waste-to-energy plants, industrial processes that dump heat; transport infrastructure for bulky fuels such as biomass
- Financial Factors : escalation rate, hurdle rate, energy prices.....



Project Definition



VELOPMENT PLAN: PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 2 FEBRUARY 2011



Occupancy Type	input values here	input values here	
	SF	# Bldg	
Large Office	1,000,000	3	
Medium Office	1,500,000	10	
Small Office	300,000	20	
Warehouse	-	-	
Stand Alone Retail	500,000	4	
Strip Mall	-	-	
Primary School	-	-	
Secondary School	-	-	
Supermarket	-	-	
Quick Service Restaurant	30,000	4	
Full Service Restaurant	30,000	4	
Hospital	1,200,000	1	
Outpatient Health Clinic	-	-	
Small Hotel	250,000	2	
Large Hotel	500,000	1	
Midrise Apt	1,000,000	10	
Total	6,310,000	59	



IDEA First Order District Energy/CHP Screening Tool

High level understanding of opportunity

- Data Regional Load Profiles, Energy Prices, Labor Rates, Financial Rates, Pipe Cost,
- **Project Definition** District Composition , Phasing
- **Options appraisal** Comparing with Baseline
- Feasibility Net Present Value



What should we do next?



Life Cycle Cost = CAPEX + OPEX

CAPEX Initial Investment

OPEX for 25 years



Screening Tool Alternatives

• Stand Alone Building Plant – BAU

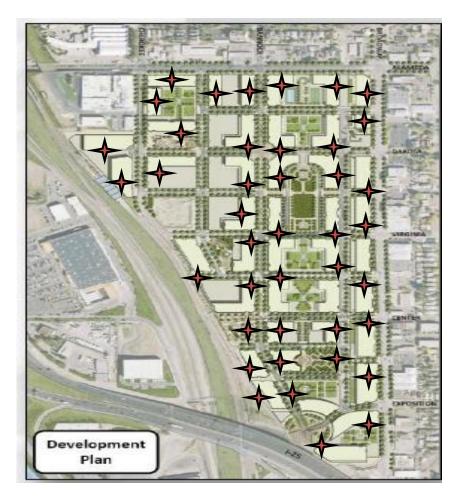
• Build a District Energy System

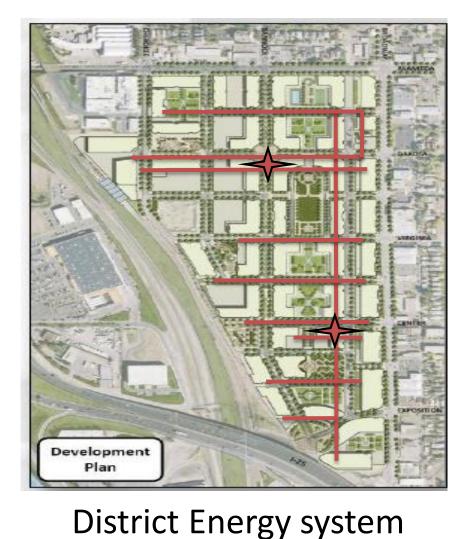
 Build a District Energy System with Combined Heat and Power

Connect to Existing District Steam System



Screening Tool Options





with CHP

BAU – Stand alone building system



VS

Capital Expense

- Unit Cost estimates by system type
 - Boilers
 - Chillers
 - Electrical CHP equipment
 - Distribution Piping
 - Building SF Costs (n Roof, mechanical room)
- Debt Service



Operating Expense

- Energy Costs
- Labor Costs
- Maintenance Costs (LTSA)
- Consumables



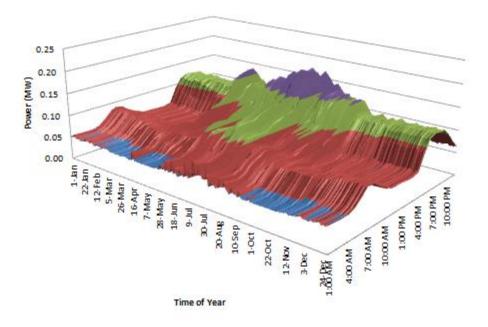
Building Energy Demand Sources

 DOE 8760 hours reference building data OR

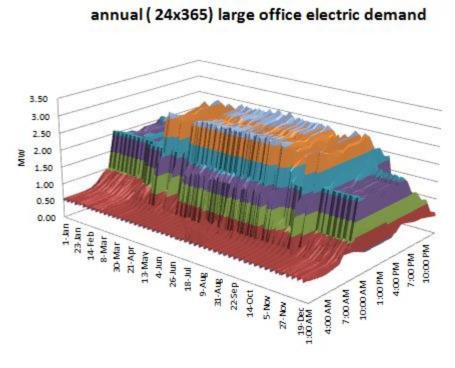
- Existing hourly meter data
 - Electric power, natural gas, cooling



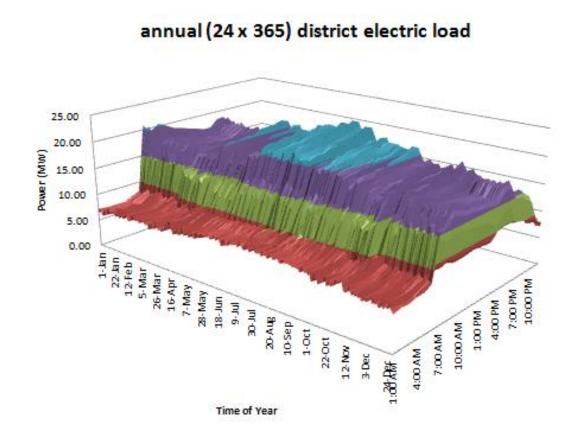
Load Profiles – Residential, Office



annual (24 x 365) residential electric load



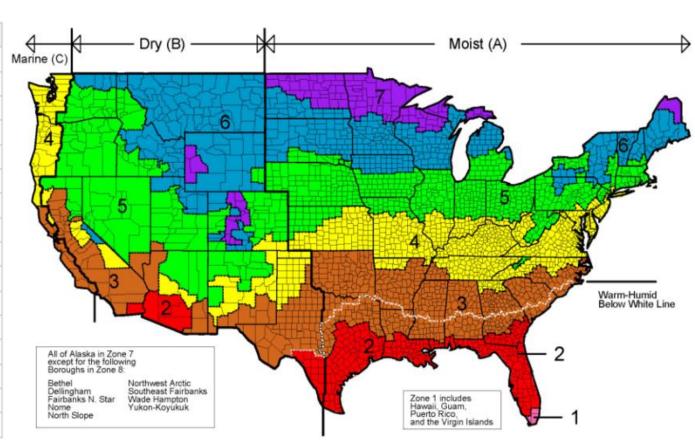
District Energy Composite Demand Profile



INTERNATIONAL DISTRICT ENERGY ASSOCIATION

Energy Load Profiles Location Dependent

Climate Zone	Representative City	
1A	Miami, Florida	
2A	Houston, Texas	
28	Phoenix, Arizona	
3A	Atlanta, Georgia	
3B-Coast	Los Angeles, California	
3B	Las Vegas, Nevada	
3C	San Francisco, California	
4A	Baltimore, Maryland	
4B	Albuquerque, New Mexico	
4C	Seattle, Washington	
5A	Chicago, Illinois	
5B	Boulder, Colorado	
6A	Minneapolis, Minnesota	
6B	Helena, Montana	
7	Duluth, Minnesota	
8	Fairbanks, Alaska	





Economic Considerations

• Discount Rate/ Hurdle Rate

- Escalation Rates
 - Electricity
 - Natural Gas
 - General Inflation
- Loan Terms



Phasing & Site Master Plan

PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM		
USE	QUANTITY	DEVELOPMENT AREA
Residential	1,191 units	1,536,250 SF
Commercial	208,750 SF	208,750 SF
Office	606,000 SF	606,000 SF
Hotel	150 rooms	150,000 SF
Structured Parking	2,215 spaces	750,750 SF
Open Space	5.8 acres	n/a
GRAND TOTAL		3,251,750 SF



* MIXED-USE MAY CONTAIN COMMERCIAL, OFFICE, AND/OR RESIDENTIAL USES.

(BOTTOM) Urban Design Plan

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CIVIC ARENA REDEVELOPMENT PLAN: PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA 2 FEBRUARY 2011

IDEA District Energy Screening Tool Processing Summary

- Excel Spreadsheet
- Inputs
- Derive Composite Energy Load Profiles
- Calculate annual operating costs of alternatives
- Develop cash flow projections, compute NPV of alternatives – COST ONLY



District Energy Screening Tool

- Provides a way to:
 - Explore Concepts with Team
 - Organize Data
 - Evaluate Sensitivity
 - Educate Team
- Quantifies high level estimates to get to:

